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APPLETON CRESCENT.

"THE UNION, THE CONSTITUTION, AND THE ENFORCEMENT OF ITS LAWS."

BY RYAN & BROTHER. CITY OF APPLETON, OUTAGAMIE COUNTY, WISCONSIN, SATURDAY, MAY 9, 1863. VOL. X, NO. 47.

APPLETON CRESCENT:
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BY RYAN & BRO.
TERMS:

City, Mail and Office Subscribers, TWO DOLLARS A YEAR IN ADVANCE. No paper will hereafter be sent unless advance payment is made.

All kinds of produce taken in payment, at the regular market rates.

Business Directory.

George H. Myers,
Attorney at Law, and Solicitor in Chancery. Office on Morrison Street, Appleton, Wisconsin. 9-1

T. R. Hudd,
Attorney at Law. Office over the Bank, Appleton, Wisconsin. 9-1

Samuel Boyd,
Attorney and Counselor at Law, and Notary Public, Collections made and taxes paid. Office on Oneida street. 9-1

Em. H. Clark,
Attorney and Counselor at Law, Appleton, Wisconsin. Office on College Avenue, in Adkins' Block. 11

Anson Ballard,
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E. C. Goff,
Under Sheriff Outagamie County, Wis. All official business promptly attended to. Offices at the County Building, and in the Fox & Wis. Imp't build'gs. 1-41

P. H. O'Brien,
Register of deeds for Outagamie County. Office in the County Fire Proof building. Appleton, Wisconsin. Business connected with the office promptly attended to. 37y2

Charles Grunert,
Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of Outagamie County. Office in the County Building. Business attended to promptly. 9-1

Amable Brouillard,
Treasurer of Outagamie county. Office in County Building, Appleton, Wis. 10-38

C. A. Hamer,
Clerk Circuit Court; Deputy Clerk Board and Register of Deeds, Notary Public, Outagamie County. Deeds etc., drawn. Office in County Building, Appleton. 10-38

S. Ryan, Jr.
Notary Public and Conveyancer. A "returned soldier" ready for work. Appleton, Wisconsin.

Jackson Tibbits,
United States Deputy Assessor. Office with George H. Myers, on Morrison street. All persons interested will find him there during business hours. 2y

Dr. Tompkins,
Office over Allen and Jackson's drug store, Appleton, Wis. 1y

Dr. Earle Ostrander,
[*Late of Brown County.*]
Office at D. B. Atwell's, Appleton, Wis.

J. Sutherland, M. D.,
Of the Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons, Glasgow, Scotland, will practice in Appleton and in the County. Office over Smith's Bookstore. 12m6

Fay & Humphrey,
Dealers in clothing, hats, caps, gents' furnishing goods, boots, shoes and rubber goods. People's Exchange, Masonic Block, College Avenue, corner of Oneida street, Appleton, Wisconsin. 9-1

W. M. Russell,
Wholesale and retail dealer in stoves, tin, copper, sheet iron, japanned and britannia ware. Also, a general assortment of japan ware constantly on hand. College Avenue, Appleton, Wisconsin. 9-1

Henry Turner,
Keeper of the Appleton Livery Stable, on Morrison street, one door north of the Pitford School. Horses and vehicles of almost every description on hand at all hours. Omnibus will run to the cars and boats regularly during the season of navigation, to accommodate travelers. A generous patronage is respectfully solicited. 9-1

Dunn & Brewster
Pork and Flour barrel manufacturers, Appleton, Wisconsin. 9-1

James Braggins,
Drape and Tailor, corner of Durkee street and College Avenue, is now fully prepared to do all kinds of work in his line, on short notice, and in the latest style. Resident agent for Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines, a specimen of which may be seen at my shop. 9-1y

Morris R. Barteau,
Agent for the Appleton Hub & Spoke Co., manufactures and deals in wagon and wagon wood generally. Appleton, Wisconsin. 9-1

F. J. Jackson,
Harness Maker. All work entrusted to his care executed promptly and in a workmanlike manner. Repairing done on short notice. Thankful for past favors a continuance of the same is respectfully solicited, feeling confident of being able to give entire satisfaction. Shop on College Avenue, in the old Arcade store, next door to Adkin's store Appleton, Wisconsin. 9-1

Clark & Simpson,
Manufacturers of Hand Rakes, Ox Bows, Fork, Hoe and Broom Handles. All other turning promptly attended to. Address Clark & Simpson, Appleton, Wisconsin. 9-1

C. Ketchum,
Founder and Machinist, Appleton, Wisconsin. Head of Grand Chute Island. All kinds of Castings, and Wrought Iron, for Mills, Engines, Factories manufactured on short notice and in a style to please and give satisfaction. Also, a small stock of cast iron and steel Plows, Cultivators and Kettles. Babbit Metal constantly on hand. 9-1

H. F. Patton,
House, Sign and Ornamental Painter. Portraits done in good style. Appleton, Wisconsin. 9-27

James M. Barker,
Mill-Wright and Mechanical Draughtsman, Appleton, 3rd Ward, Wisconsin. 9-3y

Ryan & Bro.,
Book, Job and Fancy Printers, and Publishers of the Crescent, Appleton, Wisconsin. All orders filled Promptly, at reasonable rates. 9-1

J. P. Hawley,
Photographist. The latest and best improvements in Ambrotypes, Photographs, "Cartes de Visite," Melonsotypes, &c., can always be found at the "Outagamie Gallery of Art." Terms reasonable. One door east of the Improvement Office, Appleton, Wis. 10-1

New Shaving Saloon.
The undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Appleton and strangers who may tarry here till their beards grow long, that he has opened a fashionable Shaving, Hair Cutting and Shampooing Saloon one door east of the Post Office, College Avenue. No pains spared to give satisfaction to all who may call.
WM. S. CLEGGETT.

Crescent Hotel,
Henry White, Proprietor. This Hotel is located on the corner of Avenue and Morrison Street, directly in the business part of the city: it is in the immediate neighborhood of Turner's Livery Stable, connected daily with the cars and boats. The table will be supplied continually with the best the market affords. No pains will be spared to make the traveller feel at home. 9-1

McNeill House,
Joseph McNeil, Proprietor. This house has lately been refitted and opened to the public. It is convenient to the R. R. Depot and a pleasant and agreeable house for passengers. Corner of Appleton and Lawrence streets, south of the Depot, Appleton, Wisconsin.

United States Hotel,
R. P. Edgarton, Proprietor, Green Bay, Wisconsin. Having leased this well known Hotel and thoroughly refitted it, I am prepared to welcome the traveling public with the best the market affords. 28tf

Angier House,
Dan. Fitzpatrick, Proprietor, New London, Wisconsin. The proprietor proposes to keep a first class house, and will always be found at his old stand, upon the north side of the river, ready to wait upon any and all who shall see fit to favor him with a call. 38y

B. DOUGLAS,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
APPLETON, ... WIS.

Rooms over Fay & Humphrey's Store.

I am always prepared to attend the people of Appleton, in the practice of Dentistry, with all

THE LATEST IMPROVEMENTS

in the business, with the best success. Teeth mounted on Gold, Silver and Platina. Teeth extracted, filled or cleaned. Call and see specimens of my work.
Appleton, April, 1st, 1863. 9-35y

Fay & Humphrey's Muse.

Though not yet the smoke of battle
 Clears along our Southern sky;
Though the cannon thunders rattle,
 And the lightnings flash on high!
And though still our dauntless legions
 March to conquer or to die:

Yet for those who stay behind them,
 (Ready when their turns shall come,
To oppose, where'er they find them,
 All the foe's of Freedom's home,)
Every common need of mortals
 Must as ever be supplied—
CLOTHING must be had to shelter
 From chill blasts or hot noontide.

Care to please you unabating
 With their often sign unfurled,
Fay & Humphrey still are waiting,
 To supply a curious world
Men and boys, whate'er your station,
 Size, complexion, taste, may be,
Come, from every rank and station,
 Just YOUR STYLE you quick shall see!
Suits for Spring and Summer wearing,
 Ready-Made, shall please your eye—
You that were just now despairing,
 Come to the "PEOPLE'S EXCHANGE" and buy.

Or if still you've not assented,
 CUSTOM CLOTHS await your choice,
Every style is represented—
 Look! and let your hearts rejoice.
You are pleased? This way—allow me—
 Walk up stairs, and in a trice,
They will measure you for what shall
 Make you look so very nice,
That your very wife won't know you
 Till you've spoken to her twice.

Pause a moment in departing—
 Downward glance with questioning air—
Pardon! but that boot is starting—
 Just select another pair
In too varied forms to mention,
 Ranged along the groaning shelves;
BOOTS and **SHOES** now claim attention—
 Let them answer for themselves.
Ladies, by whom 'tis hunted,
 Of a better search for boots,
Here, at last, may stand each undaunted:
 We've some style, at least, that suits
Everybody, maid or matron,
 Howsoe'er her choice may fall
Upon shoe, or graceful slipper,
 Congress boot, or balmoral.

HATS and **CAPS** of faultless fashion,
 You shall see before you go—
Say that Burnside "That's becoming!"
 Or this, named for "Fighting Joe,"
"Fighting Joe" who leads our armies,
 And will lead them "[illegible]" you know.

Shirts, and **Hose,** and **Ties,** and **Collars,**
 Gloves, from buckskin to white kid;
Rubber Goods [illegible]
 All [illegible]
Satchels, Cutlery, Umbrellas!
 But we cannot tell you all—
Come and see us, every body,
 They will surely buy, who call.

FAY & HUMPHREY.

Appleton, April 2?, 1863.

W. S. WARNER,

Attorney at Law,

COURT COMMISSIONER,

AND

INSURANCE AGENT.

Claim Agent for procuring Pensions, Bounty Arrears of Pay &c., and Agent for the examination of Titles, and

Payment of Taxes, Collection of Debts, Conveyancing, &c.

REFERENCES:

Hon. Edwin Wheeler, Oshkosh, Wis.
" P. H. Smith, Chicago, Ill.
" S. B. Patton, Green Bay, Wis
" Hugh McCurdy, Corunna, Mich.
Anson Ballard, Esq., Appleton.
P. Dean Warner, Esq., Farmington, Mich.
H. S. Durand, Esq., Milwaukee, Wis.
J. Melancthon Smith, Esq., New York
F. Blodgett, Milwaukee, Wis.
Vincent Tilyou, Esq. N. Y.
H. S. Marsh, Esq., Madison, Wis
David Smith & Co., Appleton and Neenah.
J. J. Enos, Esq., Watertown, Wis

Office over his New Store on College Avenue. Appleton, Wisconsin,

He has for sale or exchange, a large quantity of valuable lands in Outagamie. Also a large number of

LOTS, STORES, DWELLINGS, &C.

In the City of Appleton, which he will sell very low, and on long time.
Also a first class store and Office to let on reasonable terms. WM. S. WARNER.

E. L. BARLOW,

TO THE PEOPLE OF OUTAGAMIE, GREETING.

Do you want Good Goods?
Go to Barlow's.

Do you want the best sugars?
Go to Barlow's.

Do you want teas as is tea?
Go to Barlow's.

Do you want to know where you can always find the freshest groceries of all kinds, the greatest variety and at the *lowest prices?*
Go to Barlow's.

Farmers, city-zens, everybody, do you know where you can get the most goods for the same money? Why of course at
E. L. Barlow's.

GO AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

Appleton, April, 1863. 9-25y

Badger Furniture

ESTABLISHMENT!

College Avenue .... Appleton,

Is Still in Full Blast!

Sofas, Center Tables, Mattrasses, Mahogany and Black Walnut Bureaus, Mahogany and Cane Seat Chairs, every variety of Bedsteads, Cherry, Maple and Butternut Bureaus, Stands and Tables, Common, Office and House Chairs and Rockers, Children's Wagons and Cradles, &c.
Veneering, painting, varnishing and repairing done in the best style. Particular attention given to

UNDERTAKING.

No other establishment can compete with me in this line, either for durability, beauty or cheapness.
☞ Terms very low for CASH. One door west of the Gilbert House. C. J. GEIGER.
Appleton, April, 1863. (1n1y)

Veto Message of Gov. Seymour.

STATE OF NEW YORK, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
ALBANY, April 21, 1863.

To the Senate:

I return without my signature the bill entitled "An Act to secure the elective franchise to the qualified voters of the army and navy of the State of New York."

It is so clearly in violation of the constitution, in the judgment of men of all parties, that it is needless to dwell upon that objection to the bill. While it only received in the Assembly the number of votes necessary to its passage, some of those who voted for it openly stated their opposition to the measure. After its passage, that branch of the Legislature, with great unanimity, and without regard to political differences, adopted the resolution for an amendment of the constitution, to secure the objects of this bill in accordance with the recommendations of the message which I lately sent to the Legislature on this subject. I do not doubt that the Senate will also pass the resolution with the same unanimity, and the whole subject will be disposed of with the assent and approval of all, and in a mode free from all doubts and uncertainties.

This bill is not only unconstitutional but it is also extremely defective and highly objectionable.

The time yet remaining of the present session will not permit me to specify all the objections to its details. It does not require the proxy of the soldier to be proven before the representative of the State, but gives the power only to field officers of regiments who have been recently brought within the operation of the most arbitrary rules of military government, it does not permit the soldier to choose the friend in whom he would most confide as his proxy, but requires him to select one from the class of freeholders who are not recognized by our constitution as entitled to special privileges, it subjects the person appointed (though without his consent) as a proxy to the penalties of a criminal offence, fine and imprisonment, for refusing or neglecting to deposit the vote he receives, though he may believe that it is not genuine it provides no means of verifying at the polls the authenticity of proxies, it requires the Inspectors to deposit in the ballot-box, under the penalties of a criminal offence, the ballots received with any proxy, however much reason there may be to doubt its authenticity it allows proxies and ballots to be sent by mail or otherwise, which permits a messenger to be selected by other persons than the voter, it does not require the messenger to be sworn, it does not require him to deliver the proxies and ballots to the persons named as proxies, but permits him to destroy or change the proxies and ballots or deliver them to any unsworn and unauthorized person he may select, it does not make the change or destruction of the ballots, except by the person appointed proxy, a criminal offence, or punish such an act in any manner, it fails to protect the secrecy of the ballot; and it requires the person named as proxy to deposit in the ballot-box the ballots delivered to him with a proxy, by an unknown person, although they may be different from those he knows were sent by the voter. This brief statement will be sufficient to satisfy all of the many opportunities this bill affords for the gross frauds upon the electors in the army and upon the ballot-box at home. The deposit of a ballot is a final and irrevocable act, and the people will never permit ballots to be received unless with abundant guarantees that they are, beyond doubt, the free act of the electors.

The bill is in conflict with vital principles of electoral purity and independence. It is well said by Dr. Lieber, in his work on "Civil Liberty and Self Government," that "all elections must be superintended by election judges and officers, independent of the executive or any other organized or unorganized power of the government. The indecency as well as the absurdity and immorality of the government recommending what is to be voted ought never to be permitted."

This bill fails not only to guard against abuses and frauds, but it offers every inducement and temptation to perpetrate them, by those who are under the immediate and particular control of the general government. That government has not hesitated to interfere directly in the local elections by permitting officers of high rank to engage in them in states of which they are not citizens. In marked instances high and profitable commissions have been given to those who have never rendered one day of military duty, who have never been upon a battle field, but who have been in the receipt of military pay and military honors, to support them in their interference, in behalf of the administration, with the elective franchise of different sovereign and loyal States.

Not only have some been rewarded for going beyond the bounds of military propriety, but others and subordinate officers have been punished and degraded for the fair and independent exercise of their political rights, at their own homes, and in the performance of their civil duties. I call the attention of the Legislature and the public to the following order:

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, March 13, 1863.
[Special Orders No. 119.] (Extract.)
* * 34. By direction of the President the following officers are hereby dismissed from the service of the United States: * * *
Lieut. A. S. Edgerly, 4th New Hampshire Volunteers, for circulating copperhead tickets and doing all in his power to promote the success of the rebel cause in his State.
By order of the Secretary of War,
L. THOMAS, Adjutant General.
To the Governor of New Hampshire.

I regret to say that I have ample evidence that this order was issued in the terms above cited.

This order, unjust and unworthy in its purpose and most offensive in its terms, punishes a citizen and a soldier for supporting a candidate for the office of Governor in his own State who received many thousand more of the votes of its electors than any other candidate for the station, including the one who represented more particularly the views and purposes of the national administration. Such acts are more disastrous to the cause of our Union than the loss of battles. Such violent measures of partizanship weaken, divide and distract the people of the North at the very moment they are called upon without distinction of party to make vast sacrifices of blood and treasure to uphold the government. Notwithstanding the notoriety of these acts, the bill I return throws no guard around the rights and independence of our soldiers in the field. An amendment designed to protect them against coercion and fraud was rejected in one branch of the Legislature.

I deem it my duty not only to state these objections to the bill as reasons why I cannot sign it, but also to protest in behalf of the people of this State against the wrongs of which I have spoken, and for the further purpose of securing such discussion in regard to them, when the constitution is amended in pursuance of the recommendations I have submitted, that the legislation which may be hereafter had shall be calculated to secure the rights of our citizens and soldiers, to punish every attempt to invade their rights by force or by fraud.

HORATIO SEYMOUR.

Absalom's Sword.

The French journals give the following singular paragraph: "A strange discovery has just been made by Major Pappazolu, of Bucharest, the sword which belonged to Absalom. The blade has on one side the following words traced in Hebrew characters:—'Present from Gessur to Absalom, son of David Jeho, Jeho.' On the same side is engraved the image of the hexagonal seal of David, and on the other some characters, the meaning of which has not yet been explained. On the corresponding place to those of the Hebrew characters, and on the opposite side of the blade, are these words engraved in gold: 'Titus accepit ex Jerusalem.' This sword had a handle in gold, representing at the upper part a warrior's head, covered with a helmet and joined by a chain to a dragon's head which formed the hilt. The old monk, possessor of this weapon, procured it from a Janissary, into whose hands it fell during the disturbances at Constantinople, in 1897. In a moment of distress he sold the handle and the scabbard, which was, he says, made of a kind serpent's skin, mounted in gold. The ancient organ of the blade is proved by a manufacturer's mark traced in Semitic characters."

EMBALMED BODIES.—Some time since, in clearing out the ruins of an old chapel in Warwickshire, England, several lead coffins were exhumed containing embalmed bodies of Countesses and St. Johns, which were buried more than two hundred years ago. The coffin which contained the body of Lady Andry Leigh, buried in 1680, was opened, and the body found perfectly embalmed, and the entire preservation, her flesh quite plump, as if she were alive, her face very beautiful, her hands exceedingly small and not wasted. She was dressed in fine linen, trimmed all over with old point lace; and two rows of lace laid flatly across her forehead.—She looked exactly as if she were lying asleep, and seemed not more than sixteen or seventeen years old, her beauty was very great; even her eyelashes and eyebrows were perfect, and her eyes were closed No part of her face or figure was at all fallen in.

PRINTER'S LITANY.—The following is good enough to steal, and we have no hesitancy in appropriating it to our own use: From want of gold, from wives that scold, from maidens old, by sharpers "sold"—preserve us! From foppish sneers, mock auctioneers, women's tears—deliver us! From stringing flies, from coal-black eyes and babie's cries—deliver us! From seedy coats, protested notes and leaky boots—protect us! From creaking doors, a wife that snores, confounded bores and drygood stores—protect us! From shabby hats and torn cravats and flying brickbats—save us!

The following epitaphs are to be found in a graveyard at Baton Rouge, La.:

"Here lies buried in this tomb
A constant sufferer from salt rheum,
Which finally in truth did pass
To spotted erysipelas.
A [illegible]
Here he lies, and so must you."

On another stone: "Here lies the body of David Jones. His last words were: 'I die a Christian and a Democrat.'"

Address to the Democracy of New York.

[The Democratic members of the legislature have revived a former time-honored practice, in issuing, at the close of the session, an address reviewing the proceedings of the session, discussing the political question which must engage public attention, and counseling the party in respect to its future action. A large part of the address is in relation more particularly to the political situation in that state; but the concluding part, which we append, appeals alike to the Democracy of the whole nation.]

The democrats of the northern states need no exculpation from the charge of want of fidelity to the country. They leave the professions of ultra-loyalty to those upon whose patriotism the political history of the country casts doubt.

During the revolution the Tories, who gave "unqualified support to the administration of George III," formed themselves into loyal leagues, and were known through the contest as loyalists. The upholders of arbitrary power, and of acts opposed to freedom, naturally take the same course and adopt the same terms. But is there any reason for Democrats joining a defeated party, in assuming a dishonored name?

That we apprehend in these artfully contrived measures of federal consolidation, danger to the free institutions of the loyal north, is not to be concealed. The governing influence at Washington is that of a minority in these states. It makes up a rashnes and violence for its want of force and wisdom. It is not loyal to the constitution, nor to the Union. "For forty years," says one of its leaders, "I have labored for the dissolution of the Union:" and he thanked God when the wicked and criminal blow was struck by the armed secessionists of the south, that the sectionalists of that quarter had thus come to his aid.

On the 5th of July, 1862, immediately after the emancipation and confiscation acts had passed the House of Congress, and while they were in the hands of the Senate, Secretary Seward wrote to the American minister in London, Mr. Adams, "it seems as if the extreme advocates of African slavery and its most vehement opponents were acting [illegible] vile war, the former by making the most desperate attempt to overthrow the federal Union, the latter by demanding an edict of universal emancipation as a lawful and necessary, if not, as they say, the only legitimate way of saving the Union."

This co-operation of extremes had commenced its evil influence long before this avowal, and has continued to exert it steadily ever since, to consolidate against us the south, and to divide the north.

The secessionists who armed themselves against the Union were in like manner a minority at the south, who made up by violence for their want of numbers. Thus two great divisions of the Union have been thrown into a desolating civil war by the acts of desperate men to whom the people refused confidence in ordinary times of peace; but who, taking advantage of their position, and appealing to sectional passions, produced a collision which involved all classes and all interests in the conflict, and gave to the conspirators and demagogues, at both extremes, position, power and plunder!

We do not propose to discuss the question of the mutual duties of citizens and governmental authorities which this state of things has developed. It is fully and abely presented in the message of Governor Seymour to this legislature on its organization. In these statesman-like views we cordially concur. They have furnished a rallying point and common ground of Union to the loyal Democracy and conservatives of all the states.

Since that state paper was proclaimed, the dangers having increased and the sky is darkened by impending disasters and gloomy doubt. But the incapacity and imbecility shown by those in command of the war presents an aspect of calamity less appalling than the idea that the same weak hands and perverse minds shall undertake the accomplishment of a peace upon the basis of a permanent separation of these states.

That is now the growing apprehension of the popular mind! It is notorious that the abolition leaders boldly hold out this as the probable alternative of war. The men who have dictated with most authority and influence the policy of the administration, hardly affect to conceal that they will be content with this consumation. The conduct of war leads directly to such an end. The division of arms, the removal of generals, the attempt to introduce politics into the army, the coercion of opinion, the movements to break down the resisting power of the north, all point to this.

Such a conclusion to the abolition policy the Democracy of New York, in their first state convention held after the outbreak of the war, anticipated and denounced. They protest against it now, and they invoke all the energies of the free people of the north against a political faction which, having artfully initiated a fratricidal war, proposes now to end it by a parricidal peace.

The only legitimate object of war is to obtain a just and well-founded peace. Such a peace can only be made secure by restoring the Union upon the basis of the constitution, with the rights of every state strengthened and guaranteed; and for this that instrument provides the proper and practical means, a convention to revise, amend and reaffirm the federal compact. Every Democratic victory in the north, which rescues the states from the domination of sectionalism and fanaticism, is a step toward the consumation of such a peace, not less potent than the success of the federal arms.

In the midst of the surrounding gloom, with a desperate struggle forced upon us, the duty of the Democracy of New York can be clearly discerned.—It is to furnish to those in authority all constitutional means for the successful conduct of the war, till the armed force of the rebellion, the object and aims of which we heartily condemn is broken, and to struggle persistently against a dismemberment of the Union. We must cling to the Union and stand by the constitution, and uphold the cause of law and order. We must save our own noble state from anarchy, while we maintain with constancy and patience inalienable rights of sovereignty and independence. While the elective franchise is left free and the courts of justice maintained in their functions, we must trust to them for the vindication of political and personal rights. We must support the administration in all constitutional measures to suppress rebellion; we must even uphold it in its functions, lest in its imbecility of judgment and lack of moral courage, it sunk out of existence before the appointed day of its expiration: lest we should realize by its death, as we have by so many acts of its life, the fearful calamity of the disorganization of the very form and function and frame work of our federal system. If we do this, if we are firm and constant, patient and reliant upon the providence of God to overrule the follies of men, we shall yet save the republic.

For the future good goverment of our own state, and the return of legislation to the sound and economic channels of Democratic legislation, the people must look to their own action in their own localities. If they will exercise vigilance in the choice of representatives scrutanize their action, and hold them to a strict accountability, and if, in addition to this, they shall set the example in towns and counties, and municipalities, of proper economy and regard for the tax payers: if, in fine, they will direct to their home government the attention and interest which in better days it received at their hands, but which, has since been directed to the affairs of other states, and in sympathy with other races, and wasted in sectional animosities, the long night of corruption in which our government has been shrouded, and which reached its deepest eclipse, in the maladministration at Washington, will give way to a brighter and better day of freedom and Democracy.

The Blue Laws of Connecticut.

1st. The Governor and Magistrates convened in general assembly are supreme power, under God, of this independent dominion.

2. From this determination of the Assembly, no appeal should be made.

3. The Governor is amendable to the voice of the people.

4. The Governor shall have a single vote in determining any question except a casting vote when the Assembly shall be equally divided.

5. The Assembly of the People shall not be dismissed by the Governor but shall dismiss itself.

6. Conspiracy against this dominion shall be punished with death.

7. Whoever says there is power and jurisdiction, above and over this dominion shall suffer death and loss of property.

8. Whoever attempts to change or overturn this dominion shall suffer death.

9. The Judge shall determine controversies, without Jury.

10. No one shall be a Free man or give a vote unless he be converted and a member in full communion of one of the churches in this dominion.

11. Each person shall swear by the blessed God, to bear true allegiance to this dominion, and that Jesus is the only king.

12. No Quaker or dissenter from the established worship of this dominion shall be allowed to give a vote for the election of magistrates or other officers.

13. No food or lodging shall be offered to a Quaker Adamite or other heretic.

14. If any person turns Quaker, he shall be banished, and not suffered to return but on pain of death.

15. No priest shall abide in the dominion, he shall be banished, and not suffered to return but on pain of death.

16. Priests may be seized by one without a warrant.

17. No one to cross a river but with authorized ferrymen.

18. No one shall run on the Sabbath day, or walk in his garden, or elsewhere, except reverentially to and from meeting.

19. No one shall travel, cook victuals, make beds, sweep houses, shave or cut hair, on the Sabbath day.

20. No woman shall kiss her child on the Sabbath or fasting day.

21. The Sabbath shall begin at sunset on Saturday.

22. To pick an ear of corn growing in a neighbor's garden, shall be deemed theft.

23. A person accused of trespass in the night, shall be judged guilty unless he clear himself by oath.

24. When it appears that the accused has confederates and he refuses to discover them, he may be racked.

25. No one shall buy or sell lands without permission of the selectmen.

26. A drunkard shall have a master appointed by the selectmen, who are to debar him from the liberty of buying and selling.

27. Whosoever publishes a lie to the prejudice of his neighbor shall be set in the stocks and whipped 10 stripes.

28. No minister shall keep school.

29. Every ratable person who refuses to pay his proportion to support the minister of a town or parish shall be fined £2, and £4, every quarter until he or she shall pay the rate to the minister.

30. Men stealers shall suffer death.

31. Whoever wears cloth trimmed with gold, silver, or bone lace above 2s per yard, shall be presented by the grand jurors, and the selectmen shall tax the offender £300, estate.

32. A debtor in prison swearing that he has no estate shall be let out, and sold to make satisfaction.

33. Whosoever sets a fire in the woods and it burns a house shall suffer death, and persons suspected of this crime, shall be imprisoned without the benefit of bail.

34. Whosoever bring cards or dice into this dominion shall pay a fine of £5.

35. No one shall read common prayer books, keep christmas, or set days, make minced pies, play cards, or play on any instrument of music except the Drum, Trumpet and Jewsharp.

36. No Gospel Minister shall join people in marriage. The Magistrates only.

Notings.

The Alleghanians and Swiss Bell Ringers are making a tour through Western Wisconsin.

Wm. B. Ogden is building a twelve-miles Railroad for the benefit of his [illegible]ty.

Garibaldi's health is improving, his wound healing, and he will soon be in accustomed health.

The copper shoe tips, now so extensively used for children's shoes, are manufactured at Lawiston, Me.

Forty acres of good land within three miles of Springfield, Missouri, were recently sold for $6.

There are now in Washington city fifty-four public schools, attended by three thousand and ninety-two scholars.

At the present time there are only about eleven thousand Jews in all Palestine.

The $50,000 in State bonds issued under the act of the last session to take up the Capitol extension bonds falling due this spring, have been sold at par to the Dane County Bank.

Col. Lawson was recently captured in Missouri by a band of rebels. They concluded to let him go, and as they could not read or write, he wrote his own parole, in which he promised never to take up arms against the United States.

A man buying furs in Arkansas, asked the seller, "if there were any Presbyterians around here?" He hesitated a little, and said, "he guessed not—he hadn't killed any since they had been there."

Gen. Hunter has conscripted negroes in his department under 45 years of age, and contrabands over that age are hiding in the woods lest they may be forced into "Uncle Sam's" service.—The abolitionists asserted that the emancipation proclamation would induce half a million of negroes to join the federal army.

Colonel Malcom, an employee of the American Fur Company, has arrived at Sioux City from the gold regions of the Upper Missouri. They represent that miners have made five dollars a day the past winter, and had to use hot water to wash their gold. They report 6,000 persons already in the mines.

A Chinese widow being found fanning the grave of her husband was asked why she performed so singular an operation. She said she had promised not to marry again while the grave was damp, and that, as it dried slowly, she saw no harm in assisting the process.

"I wish you would not give me such short weight for my money," said a customer to a grocer, who had an outstanding bill against him. "And I wish you wouldn't give me such a long wait for mine," replied the grocer."

A gentleman at a ladies' fair, lately, being solicited to buy something by a fair creature who kept a table, said he wanted to buy what was not for sale, a lock of her hair. She promptly cut off the coveted curl, and received the sum asked for it, $100. The purchaser was showing his trophy to a friend. "She rather had you," said the friend; "to my certain knowledge she only paid $3 for the whole wig."

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The Crescent.

Official Paper of the City and County.

APPLETON, MAY 9.

Highly Important!

The President has issued a Proclamation declaring that all aliens who have declared their intentions to become citizens, will be subject to draft, unless they leave the U. S. *within Sixty Days!* All who have voted are subject to conscription. Look for a draft in July! Be faithful to your adopted land!

A Retrospection.

In these hours of bitter contention on the martial field and in the halls of legislation, is it not meet for all sober-minded men to abandon the prejudices and passions of many year's growth—lay aside all crimination and recrimination—and pledge anew their fealty to the National Government? Surely strange times have settled down upon us all. "The times are sadly out of joint."

Two years of war, strife, bloodshed, and all the coincident evils, have terribly indited a history for future generations and future Governments. We will not say where the blame rests *per se*, nor charge this or that party or sect with guilt alone. All are accountable for the present situation—the North—the South. We have said, and we repeat, that the South were never justified in inaugurating this wicked Rebellion. That this War has been festering for thirty years, no sane man at all familiar with our National history, can truthfully deny. It was not a child of one day's incubation. Its latest projectors, Messrs. Davis & Co., are but the lickspittles of the Past—the scavengers of the Future.

The War has been reaching forth its reeking jaws for more victims two long, weary years, and yet its power and influence has but just begun—its magnitude only felt. Many of our nearest and dearest friends have been taken, and more must be given to stay its onward march.

"Our Country, may she always be right—but right or wrong, our Country," should be the rallying cry of every man throughout the length and breadth of this glorious land of Freedom.

Was the boon, which Washington, La Fayette, and the hosts of Revolutionary heroes bought with their precious blood, worth struggling for? Was its second birth in 1812 worth the efforts expended for its salvation? Then, truly, we should prove degenerate sons did we not expend our whole strength to perpetuate its blessings to the latest moment of our lives.

The Administration is amendable to the public for many egregious blunders, still we shall give it our support in its efforts to crush this gigantic rebellion. While we do this, we claim and shall exercise the right to carefully, truthfully and honestly discuss and criticise all its official acts; but shall always counsel strict adherence to the laws and authorities—no matter howsoever they may clash with our opinions of right.

We curse, execrate and denounce Jeff Davis South and Jeff Davis North. We shall allow none to excel us in true devotion to Country.

There is our platform! Democrats! Republicans! Conservatives! stand by the Government which has always protected you, in storm and in calm! Obey the Laws—sustain the Constitution!

Consistent.—At one of the churches in Chicago, during the remarks of a Rev. W. W. Patton, he so far abandoned himself to fanaticism as to tear open the grave of the lamented Douglas and indecently assault his memory in the following uncharitable, unchristian, scandalous remarks:

"The church was somewhat to blame, for certain ones struck hands with the same proud leader who, from his place in the United States Senate, reviled 3,000 New England clergy, and made a speech in this city, in which he ridiculed the idea of slavery bringing down the vengeance of God upon this land, and soon after that vengeance came, he was carried to his grave without the clergy of any denomination to perform the funeral services."

This, however, is consistent with that style of harangue, pulpit desecrators, who have done much in their peculiar sphere to assist in bringining on the dissentions that existed previous to the breaking out of the rebellion. We sincerely pity the heart of him who can so brazenly and wantonly attack the lamented dead. He deserves the execration of every one.

Wis. Provost Marshals.—The following is the list of Provost Marshals, under the act for enrolling and organizing the militia: 1st district, Jas. N. Tillapang; 2d, S. J. N. Putnam; 3d John G. Clarke; 4th, E. L. Phillips; 5th, C. R. Merrill; 6th, Benjamin F. Cooper.

Gift Concert.—Tom. Wall, Clerk of the Berlin City, drew the $1,800 house and lot at the late drawing in Oshkosh.

Hooker's probable strength was 100,000 infantry and 10,000 cavalry, under his immediate command.

Continental Monthly.—We have before us the May number of this standard magazine, and from a hasty look at its contents, we find it equal if not superior to any former issue. John H. Trow, publisher, 50 Greene st., N. Y. $3 per annum.

The Milwaukee Sentinel is decidedly the largest, as well as the latest newspaper published in this State. The Sentinel is the leading Republican organ, barring this, we deem it the most profitable, readable and reliable paper in all Wisconsin. Jermain & Brightman, Publishers, Milwaukee, Wis. Daily $10 per year, Tri-Weekly $5; Weekly $2. If you wish a good periodical take the Sentinel.

Personal.—Tim. F. Strong, ex-aid de camp to Gen. Starkweather, who runs a railroad station at Depere and boards with White at Appleton, once an editor, gave us a friendly call on Monday last, though we doubt very much if he was conscious of the fact, as he had been up all the night previous, Tim. made a good editor, a gallant soldier, knows how to keep a station, and is entirely at home on a *train*. If we wanted to pay a short visit to the devil and was pressed for a time, we'd charter a special train and get Tim to run it!

He's a good fellow, however, and only needs to be virtuous to be happy! *Oshkosh Review.*

It does take Swineford to set up a fellow. The above is a good specimen brick. His comparisons are rich. By the way, there is more life and vim in that little Review than in any dozen other papers in the State.

Ayer's American Almanac has now arrived and is now ready for delivery, gratis, by C. G. Adkins, to all who call for it. Our readers may be surprised to know that this little pamphlet which has become so much a favorite in our section has quite the largest circulation of any one book in the world, except the Bible. It is printed in many languages and scattered through many nations as well as supplied to almost the entire population of our own vast domain. Every family should keep it, for it contains information which all are liable to require, when sickness overtakes them and which may prove invaluable from being at hand in season. If you take our advice, you will call and get an Ayer's Almanac, and when got, keep it.

Off for the New Mines.—Over fifty persons started for Beaver Head mines yesterday. Among the number were Messrs. John C. Ryan, E. W. Buckwalter and Thos. Déyarmon, three gentlemen belonging to our office.—The two former have been connected with us for the past two or three years, and are splendid, sterling good fellows, every way, and so is also the latter.—We wish them all the very best kind of luck in the new eldorado.—*Denver News.*

The Emperor of Russia's Amnesty.—The following is the text of the manifesto of the Czar relative to the amnesty:

St. Petersburg, April 12.—Since the arrival of the first reports of the disturbances which have broken out in the kingdom of Poland, we have followed the impulse of our heart, and declared that we would not render the Polish nation responsible for the agitation which has been attended with the most disastrous consequences for it. We have only attributed it to excitements which have long since emanated from abroad, from some individuals to whom long years of an adventurous life have given a habit of exciting disturbances and violence, and of secretly concocting plots, which stifles in them the feelings of humanity, and which have been even able to inspire them with the idea of sullying the national honor by assassinations. Those manifestations of another period, long since condemned by the judgment of history, no longer accord with the spirit of our day. The present generation ought to undertake the task of founding the prosperity of the country, not by shedding torrents of blood, but on the basis of tranquil progress.

That is the object which we laid down for ourself when, full of confidence in the Divine protection, we swore before God and our conscience to devote our life to the happiness of our people. But in order to fulfil in its fullest extent that oath, which we shall always consider as sacred, we must be assured of the support of all the men who sincerely desire the welfare of their country, and who do not found their devotedness on interested calculations or on criminal attempts, but on the maintainance of tranquility and the protection of the laws. In our solicitude for the future of the country, we will forget all past acts of revolt. Animated by the earnest desire of putting an end to the effusion of blood, which is as fruitles for the one as it is painful to the other, we in consequence grant a full pardon to all our subjects of the kingdom who have taken part in the late disturbances, if they have incurred no responsibility for crimes committed in the ranks of our army, and if between the present time and the 13th. May they lay down their arms and return to obedience. The obligation is imposed upon us of preserving the country from a recurrence of those agitations which are contrary to order, and of commencing a new era in its political life.

This cannot be brought about without a national organization of the autonomy in the local administration, as foundation for the whole edifice. We have laid down the bases in the institutions which we have accorded to the kingdom; but, to our sincere regret, it has not yet been possible to put the result to the proof of experiment in consequence of the excitations which have put the chimeras of passion in the place of those conditions of public order necessary for all reforms. In still maintaining these institutions in their integrity, we reserve to ourselves, when their utility shall be proved, to develop them further according to the requirements of the time and of the country. It is only by the confidence which the country show in our intentions that the kingdom of Poland can remove the traces of the unhappy present, and advance with certainty to the end of our solicitude. We pray that divine assistance may be granted to us to accomplish what we have constantly considered as our mission. Alexander.

Wheat for France.—We learn that 50,000 bushels of wheat have recently been purchased in Oshkosh, by a party in N. Y., for direct shipment to Havre, France. This wheat is shipped as "Green Bay Club," which grade is attracting more attention in the N. Y. market than any other, for its excellence and freedom from mixture with other grains. This wheat is shipped by E. A. Buck to Buffalo, and thence by canal to New York.—*G. B. Adv.*

The Advocate also says, Col. Howe, of the 32d Wisconsin, was home on a brief visit to his family. The regiment is still in Memphis, on provost duty, and is enjoying good health.

The latest California steamer brought down 1700 bales of cotton from Mexico, and large additional quantities are expected.

The Toledo Blade of Saturday says: "Sixty tons of catfish were taken from the river near this city yesterday. The catch on Thursday and Friday, amounted to over one hundred tons."

The attack on Charleston lasted just half an hour and cost, in the preparation, $150,000,000, or five million of dollars a minute. Expensive fighting that!

Major Howard Stansbury, of the corps of Topographical Engineers, of the United States Army, died at Madison, Wisconsin, on the 17th ult.

Gen. Cass has so far recovered his health as to be able to appear in public.

The first medal for gallant conduct, under the recent act of Congress, was given by the Sec'y of War the other day to Jacob Parrot, a boy in the 33d Ohio, who accompanied the expedition sent out by Gen'l Mitchell to destroy Southern railroads.

Stonewall Jackson is wounded.

"How Beautiful, and Natural!"

This remark was overheard on the street the other day, made by a lady after she had been examining one of those splendid pictures taken at Patton's new gallery of art. The fact is that Mr. Patten has purchased one of the finest instruments in the State, with the latest Improvements, and can't help turning out the most satisfactory pictures. Why those full length Ambrotypes cannot be surpassed for beauty and clearness. The arrangement of his light enables him to take the most perfect of pictures. But the proof of the pudding is always in the eating, so we say go and see and satisfy yourselves.

War News.

The Great Battles on the Rappahannock.

The whole Continent has been shaken by another dread, terrible, gigantic battle on the Rappahannock. Lightning seemed hardly swift enough to bear the dreadful particulars, so eager were the loyal hearts of our cities and towns to learn the fullest items in the bloody conflict. Hoary headed fathers and mothers, tender hearted sisters and wives, self-sacrificing maidens who were anxiously looking to a more perfect union with "brave boys" far away in their country's service, all wore traces of that deep, noble, patriotism and fortitude which bursts forth anew and more brilliant as danger threatens our loved Columbia. God strengthen us all for the trying scenes now upon as a Nation and People!

Thursday night week, our noble Army of the Potomac commenced crossing the Rappahannock, on pontoons, above and below Fredericksburg, and when daylight dawned on Friday, the army was found formed in line of battle, triangular in shape, extending from the river to Chancellor House. Heavy reconnoissances and skirmishes were maintained throughout this day.

The operations of Saturday were a series of attempts, on the part of the enemy, to break our lines, by hasty concentration and hurling large forces against given points. They were partially successful, but mostly otherwise. Operations begun with a tremendous rattle of musketry by the enemy approaching us on the main pike. Our artillery opened on them; they replied similarly, when the fighting became general. Sickles was subsequently sent on a reconnoissance the same road the rebels approached early in the day. Other similar forces were pushed forward. Both were successful.

Sunday opened upon our jaded troops finding them on the lookout for morning compliments from the enemy; but no firing occurred until 6 o'clock, and then only to scatter one regiment of rebels. Gen. Hooker reviewed his whole army, and carefully inspected their entrenched position.

About 3 o'clock long lines of enemy's wagons were seen moving down in a westerly direction, when Sickle's division moved rapidly into the enemy's center, which proved to be Stonewall Jackson's division on a daring flank movement. The enemy's columns were literally cut in two and flank movements by us promised great success. Here a whole Georgia reg't was taken entire.

Then (5 o'clock) a terrific crash of musketry announced Stonewall Jackson had spoken. The 11th corps (commanded by Carl Schurz) here disgracefully ran without firing a gun. Entreaties, threats, and orders were of no avail. Other divisions and brigades followed, and things looked indeed foreboding, but Hooker sent forward his old brigade, and the rebel advance was stayed. This disaster compelled the recall of Sickles, who came out nearly entire after a terrible struggle by moonlight. Sunday's fight was the severest of the war.

Monday was welcomed by a continuation, to a great extent, of the battle. Sedgewick's division made a gallant advance, drove the enemy nearly a mile, but was compelled to retire, and recrossed the stream with a loss of 6,000 men. The enemy's loss was also frightful. Heintzelman was now expected with 30,000 veteran troops—the rebels had been largely reinforced.

A great battle was fought on Tuesday and Hooker was compelled to recross the river, returning to his former camp, with a loss of 10,000 in killed wounded and missing, after fighting eight days, under great disadvantage of position. At no time say the dispatches did he have over one-third his force engaged. The Rappahannock was rising rapidly: the danger of losing our whole army the other side was imminent. That we have been whipped, no one can deny, but we must be of good cheer and bide the day of victory. We have captured 6,000 prisoners.

While these battles were occurring our cavalry, under Stoneman and Averill, were righting matters between Fredericksburg and Richmond. Averill disobeyed orders and is under arrest. Stoneman pushed towards Richmond, tore up railroads, destroyed all the bridges to within *five miles of Richmond*, had a series of fights, captured a host of prisoners whom he parolled, destroyed thousands of dollars' worth of rebel supplies and property, and came back to camp all right.

An Attack on Haine's Bluff's was a spirited affair. Our gunboats, however, were, repulsed. The Choctaw was considerably damaged, and our casualities are 80 killed and wounded.

Grand Gulf, Miss., has been captured by our troops, with 500 prisoners, and Logan and McClernand are pushing towards Port Hudson. This is a valuable victory as Grand Gulf is the key to Vicksburg and Port Hudson.

Eighty arrests were made in Saint Louis on Wednesday, including some of the most prominent men.

A number of disloyal residents were sent South from Nashville on the 6th, among them Neill McBrawds formerly Gov. of Tennessee.

The Nansemond river is cleared of rebel batteries and is open to passage.

The captain of a brig arrived at New Bedford, reports that he saw the United States steamer Alabama capture the pirate Retribution.

Chancellorville, now celebrated in our army history, consists, or did consist, of one large brick house, occupied by a lady of the name of Chancellor, and kept as a tavern. The house is now filled with our wounded.

The Fifth Wisconsin forms a part of Pratt's brigade in Hooker's army. It assisted in carrying the boats to the river from camp, before crossing—a distance of three or four miles.

Cincinati, May 6.—Great excitement existed at Dayton, O., yesterday, regarding the arrest of Vallandigham by order of the military authorities.

At dark, from five to six hundred persons proceeded to the Journal office. They took possession of and completely gutted the building, and burned it to the ground. The fire communicated to adjoining buildings and all the property from the south end of the Phillips house to the middle of the square was destroyed.

All the telegraph lines were cut down and destroyed. The bridge on the Xenia road is reported destroyed.

At 10 o'clock at night the federal force from Cincinnati and Columbus succeeded in putting down the rioters, and at half past 12 quiet was again restored.

Cleveland, May 6.—The National Typographical Union adjourned this (Wednesday) evening, after having transacted a great amount of business of interest to the craft. Louisville, Ky., was selected for the place of meeting for the next session, in May, 1864.—Isaac D. George, of Chicago, was elected chairman of the executive committee for the ensuing year.

ZEELAND MILLS, LITTLE CHUTE.

By request we re publish this notice.

The following is a correct description of this Mill.

Frame building, 36×50; stands on a substantial stone basement, four stories high, and distance between the floors of each story as follows: basement 12 feet; grinding story 12 feet; bolting story 14 feet; cooler story 8 ft 6 inches, and attic story 8 feet.

Arrangement of machinery is for a first class mill, well proportioned, first quality, simple and well set up, combining both neatness and durability. Three pair of four feet stones and each bedded on two solid oak timbers 12×14, the ends of which are well secured to heavy oak timbers 12×15, lying parallel to each other on the top of the wheel-pit walls, thereby making a solid and simple arrangement.

Wheel-pit, solid masonry, well lighted, free from dust. Machinery consists of Spur-wheels, Pinions, Spindles and Gate attachments, and underneath are the water wheels which are perfectly reliable, being *Barker's Angular Central discharge Improvement*, of course they will speak for themselves.

Basement, aside from Wheel-pit, well arranged, keeping separate the cleaning machinery from meal and bran so that there is but little dust about it, as it is self-cleaning by means of suction air pipes, which gather the dust into a large fan, and by it is discharged underneath the floor into the water. Other arrangements we might enlarge upon, but we must pass on to the story above—the Grinding Story. Here we find the life of the establishment, for all the business is done on this floor. Grists coming in and going out, customers looking cheerful and the Messrs. Verstegens with a word of good cheer, are making themselves useful generally, and further on to the right, just in front of the stone is Mr. Adrian Van Handle, the first miller, attentive to his business in giving direction to the whole, and by means of Hand-wheels Pulleys and a Garner indicator he can give motion to the machinery and stone, draw grain instantly from either of the stock-hoppers to the stone-hoppers, and at the same time change the direction of the grain from the grain elevator to either of the stock-hoppers, by moving within a line of ten feet. We see by the plans that there is to be a self flour packer on this floor—the packing at present being done by hand—and on the floor above is a full merchant chest; on the next above this is a cooler and bran duster.

The chest of custom bolts now running are calculated for doing merchant work when not engaged on custom work. They are now turning out a good article of extra family Flour, which we will leave our readers to inspect at their own convenience.

Here we make a passing notice of the Proprietors, Builders, Furnishers, &c. Messrs. J. & A. Verstegen are sole proprietors, and, as may be seen, have made a safe and judicious investment, and have given perfect satisfaction to all who have been in their employ, as well as those with whom they have had occasion to do business in procuring material and furnishings, and fully agree with Messrs. Hart & Munson, of Utica, N. Y., that "they are gentlemen," and further their customers can but be satisfied with the quality and quantity of their grists. Thomas O'Keefe, of Fort Howard, superintended the erection of the building from the foundation, and from the looks of the work we should judge that he understands his business. The machinery was furnished by E. Whitney, of the East River Iron Works, Green Bay, and we must say that it is the best proportioned, best finished and cheapest machinery of the kind that we have seen in the State. We can safely recommend Mr. Whitney on this kind of machinery. The mill-stones, spindles, oil pots, lighter, hoisting screws and bolting cloths, were furnished from the old and celebrated establishment of Messrs. Hart & Munson, of Utica, N. Y., and the best in the country without any exception.

The total expense of this mill has been about $7,000, and we will venture the assertion that there has not been an investment of the kind made on the river that has been so judiciously managed as this, and the credit is due to John Verstegen, Esq. When he decided to build a mill, he selected a Mill-wright and gave him the whole management. This was his view of economy for he had no money to spare in educating himself in this branch of mechanics in experimenting, but has attended right along to his mercantile business while his mill was being built, under the immediate direction of J. M. Barker, of this place, who has attended faithfully to the interests of the proprietors. The work shows for itself.

[OFFICIAL.]

Proceedings of Common Council.

Council Chamber, Saturday, April 18, '63—7 p. m. Council met pursuant to adjournment, present His Honor, Mayor Johnson, Ald Galpin, Tichenor, Ryan, Tompkins, Gilmore, Lanphear, Van Leshout and Richmond. After taking the oath of office the Mayor proceeded to deliver his Inaugural. On motion the same was ordered printed.

On motion Council proceeded to the election of City Clerk for the ensuing year. Ald Gilmore and Lanphear were appointed tellers. 1st formal ballot—whole number votes cast 8; of which J S Buck rec'd 7; and H B Williams 1. On motion J S Buck was declared elected.

Council then proceeded to ballot for President of the Council. 1st formal ballot—whole number votes cast 8; of which A Galpin rec'd 6; M Tompkins 1; Ja's Gilmore 1. On motion Alfred Galpin was declared elected.

The Mayor then announced the following standing committees for the fiscal year. Finance—Alds. Galpin, Gilmore, and Tompkins. Streets—Tichenor, Van Leshout, and Richmond. Bridges—Lanphear and Van Leshout. Miscellaneous—Gilmore, Tompkins and Galpin.

On motion the Council proceeded to an informal Ballot for Street Commissioner—whole No. of votes cast 8; of which Thos Hanna reed 2, W. S. Warner 2, Lewis Bates 2, Alvin Foster 1, E. West 1. On motion proceeded to formal ballot. Whole No. of votes cast 8, of which Thos. Hanna reed 1, Lewis Bates 2, A. Foster 1, E. West 1. Second formal ballot—whole No. of votes cast 8, of which Thos Hanna reed 2, E. West 3, Lewis Bates 3. Third formal ballot—whole No. of votes cast 8, of which Thos Hanna reed 3, Lewis Bates 3, E. West 2. Fourth formal ballot—whole No. of votes cast 8, of which No. Thos Hanna reed 5, Lewis Bates 3. On motion Thos Hanna was declared elected.

Resolved, That the Appleton Crescent be and is hereby designated as the official journal of this city, in which all publications required by the Common Council or any city officer shall be made. And the same was adopted.

On motion the meetings of the Common Council were fixed upon the first Saturday of each month at 7, p. m.

On motion the bond of the City Treasurer was fixed at $10,000.

On motion the appointment of overseers of the poor was postponed.

On motion Council adjourned until Saturday, April 25, at 7, p. m. J. S. BUCK, *City Clerk.*

Council chamber, Saturday, April 25, 1863. Council met pursuant to adjournment. Present, his Hon. the Mayor, Alds Galpin, Tichenor, Ryan, Gilmore, and Lanphear.

The following accounts were presented, on motion rules suspended and allowed as follows:

No. 5.	First Ward Fund,	F. Burhans,	$ .94
" 6.	" "	Lewis Bates,	88
" 7.	Second "	" "	44
" 8.	Fourth "	P. Van Leshout,	2,00
" 9.	Road Fund	" "	1,50
" 10.	"	F. Burhans,	4,19
" 11.	"	Lewis Bates,	8,52
" 12.	"	John Brown,	3,00
" 13.	"	S. Fletcher,	50
" 14.	"	C. Ketchum	13,72

On motion to appropriate the several amounts the yeas and nays were called with the following result. Galpin, Tichenor, Ryan, Gilmore and Lanphear, 5 voted aye, in the negative none.

Acct. No. 15. Poor Fund, H. L. Blood, $2,75, was presented and laid on the table.

Petition of Alvin Foster and others for a sewer on north side of College Avenue from Appleton street westward to the Ravine, presented and refered to com. on streets.

Petition of A. Alexander for license was presented and on motion laid on the table.

Ald Richmond came in and took his seat.

On motion Council proceeded to the cancellation of city orders and Street certificates, presented by Treasurer Ryan, as follows:

Poor Fund orders,	$ 155,21
Street Certificates,	1076,11

Treasurer presented his report which was referred to com on finance.

Petition of Wm Frazer, recd and laid on the table.

Oath of office and bond of J. D. Pryce presented and laid on the table.

On motion Council adjourned. J. S. BUCK, *City Clerk.*

Council chamber, May 2d, 1863, 7, p. m. Council met pursuant to charter. Present—his Honor the Mayor, Alds Tichenor, Ryan, Gilmore, Lanphear, and Van Leshout. Minutes of preceding meetings read and approved.

The following accts were presented and referred to com. on Finance.

No. 16,	First Ward fund	J. S. Buck,	$ 2,00
" 17,	Second "	Jas Ryan,	2,00
" 18,	Third "	J. N. Bonner,	2,00
" 19,	Fourth "	G. W. Packard,	2,00
" 20,	Poor Fund,	John Heideman,	33,25
" 21,	Road Fund,	E. West,	50
" 22,	{ Road fund $ 2,50 } { Gen'l " 16,00 }	Ryan & Bro.,	18,50
" 23,	"	Dan Pickle,	2,50

Ald Richmond came in and took his seat.

Petition of Fire Co. No. 1, accompanied by the Constitution of said organization, and list of members, asking to be recognized as a lawfully organized Fire Company, was presented. On motion the prayer of the petitioners was granted, and said organization designated as "Fire Co., No. 1," of the city of Appleton.

Ald Tompkins came in and took his seat. On motion the Mayor appointed the following com. on Fire Engines. Alds Ryan, Tompkins, and Lanphear.

On motion the office of the City Marshal was declared vacant.

On motion the Board proceeded to appoint a City Marshal, which resulted in the appointment of J. D. Pryce, as such.

On motion the office of City Treasurer was declared vacant.

The Council then elected Ald Gilmore overseer of the poor for the ensuing year, and fixed his salary at $52,00.

Petition of A. Alexander for license, was taken from the table and license granted and bond approved.

On motion the appointment of City Treasurer was deferred until next meeting.

On motion Council adjourntd until Saturday, May 9, '63 at 7, p. m. J. S. BUCK, *City Clerk.*

DIED.

In this city, on the 27th ult., of fever, Mrs. J. ANDERSON, wife of the pastor of the Methodist church of this city.

A bereaved husband and large family of children, as well as the church, mourn her irreparable loss. Her sufferings had been most severe. She now rests in Heaven.

Zeeland Mills,

Little Chute,

Outagamie County, Wisconsin.

J. & A. VERSTEGEN,

PROPRIETORS.

Farmers will find it to their advantage to bring their grists to our new mill. We will warrant satisfaction to all who deal with us.

The Highest Market Price in **Cash**, *paid for*

Wheat.

Study your own interests and give us your custom. Little Chute, May 2th, 1863. 47×101f

Pettibone's Column!!



IMPORTANT NEWS

For the People of

THE FOX RIVER VALLEY!!

APPLETONIANS,

OUTAGAMIANS,

EVERYBODY,

READ!! READ!!

200 PACKAGES,

200 PACKAGES,

200 PACKAGES,

OF

NEW GOODS!

NEW GOODS!

NEW GOODS!

NOW OPENING

NOW OPENING

NOW OPENING

AT

PETTIBONE'S.

ALL THE NOVELTIES

ALL THE NOVELTIES

ALL THE NOVELTIES

Of the Season!

BEAUTIFUL!

DURABLE!

ADMIRABLE!

DESIRABLE!

INVITING!

EXCITING!!

AND

CHEAP!

CHEAP!

VERY

CHEAP!

GOING!

GOING!!

GOING

FAST!!

HURRY UP!!

If you would

Avail yourself

Of this

THE BEST OPPORTUNITY

THE BEST OPPORTUNITY

FOR

GREAT BARGAINS!

GREAT BARGAINS!

LADIES,

GENTLEMEN,

Boys,

Girls,

COME AND SEE

OUR

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT

OF

New Goods!

CALL AND SEE.

C. J. PETTIBONE.

Appleton, May, 1863.

$100. LOST! LOST! $100.

Lost between **Little Chute** and **Appleton**, on Friday, April 24th inst., a *Pocket Book*, containing about $100 in money, and two or more accounts. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at the Crescent office, Appleton, or with JOHN VERSTEGEN, *Zeeland Mills, Little Chute.* 44

Richmond papers admit the loss of five Napoleon guns and 140 men on the Nansemond river.

Church Directory.

M. E. Church, First Ward, Rev. Jos. Anderson Pastor. Services in the morning at 10½ in the evening at 7. Sabbath School and Bible Class immediately after of morning service.

Congregational Church, Second Ward, Rev. J. B. Doe, Pastor. Services in the morning at 10½ and at 7. Sabbath School and Bible Class immediately at close of morning service.

Baptist Church, Second Ward, Rev. D. H. [illegible] Pastor. Services in the morning at 10½ after [illegible] 3. Sabbath School and Bible Class at close of morning service.

Catholic Church, Third Ward, Rev. Louis Dael, Pastor. Services in the morning at 11; evening [illegible] Mass in the morning, and Vespers in the evening.

Grace Church (Episcopal), Rev. S. Palmer, Pastor. Services every morning at Odd Fellows Hall.

Secret Societies.

Waverly Lodge, No. 51, F. & A. M., meets at Mason Hall, every 1st and 3rd Tuesday in each month.

Konemic Lodge, No. 47, I. O. O. F., meets at Odd Fellows Hall, every Monday evening.

Forest Lodge, No. 130, I. O. G. T., meets at Odd Fellows Hall every Tuesday evening.

Outagamie Division, No. 116, S. of T., meets at their Hall in the Third Ward, every Saturday evening.

Post Office Directory.

Post Office opens at 7 o'clock in the morning, and closes at 8 o'clock in the evening.

Southern mail arrives at 10.30 p. m. Departs at [illegible] a. m. and 1:30 p. m.

Green Bay Mail arrives at 1:35 p. m. Departs at [illegible] p. m., closes at 1 p. m.

Hortonville mail arrives Monday and Thursday at 12. m., and leaves at 2, p. m.

Shiocton mail arrives Thursday at 10 a. m. and departs on Wednesday at 6 a. m.

Green Bay, via Freedom and Oneida arrives here at 2, p. m., Saturday, and leaves Friday at 9 a. m.

Washington Insurance Co.

No. 172 Broadway.

Cash Capital and Assets Feb. 1, 1863, $425,000.

This Company started in 1851, with a capital of $200,000. During the next eight years it paid $288,000 in dividends to stockholders, being an average of 16 per cent per annum. In 1860, it increased its capital to $200,000. Since then it has divided $129,000 among stockholders—an average of 10 per cent.—and has also made two dividends to policy-holders of 60 per ct. —the largest scrip rebate made by any company, either Fire or Marine for two consecutive years. The gross premiums of the Washington, for the fiscal year ending January 31, 1863, amount to $204,193, of which there remained unexpired at the close of the year, $54,120. The Company's business is principally confined to the city of New York, as it employs only some twenty active business agents.—Out of 520 policies matured during the last two months of the year, only twenty were on special hazards and the loss by all did not exceed $100. Since the removal of the Washington, last May, from its old offices to the new and spacious building on the corner of Broadway and Maiden Lane, its business has largely increased. We are glad to record its success; nor can too much praise be bestowed upon its energetic president, and his active and diligent assistant officers, who have labored earnestly and well to make the Washington worthy of its stainless and enduring name.—*Independent.*

DAVID SMITH, Agent for Appleton, Neenah, and Menasha. 44w3

EDITOR OF CRESCENT:

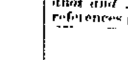
Dear Sir: With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send by return mail to all who wish it, (free) a recipe, with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm that will effectually remove, in 10 days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than 30 days. All applications answered by return mail without charge.

Respectfully yours, THOS F. CHAPMAN,
44m2 Chemist, No. 831 Broadway, New York

ESTRAY.

Came into my enclosure on the 5th inst., a white horse between 7 and 11 years old; and a 2 or 3 year old gray mare. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take him away. ROBERT [illegible]
Greenville, May 8, 1863.



E. L. R. Cuthbert.

Teacher of Music.

Rooms in Crescent Hotel Appleton, Wis.

Piano and Melodeon in rooms to practice upon. Instructions given at private residences if required. *Pianos and Melodeons tuned and repaired.* The best references given and satisfaction guaranteed.

Land to Hire.

The undersigned has a quantity of **Good Tillable Land to hire**, at low rates. Apply soon.
Appleton, April 17, 1863. 41 EDWARD WEST

APPLETON BANK

OF

DAVID SMITH & CO.

Will buy and sell Domestic Exchange, Gold and current money, also Exchange on all parts of Europe. Appleton, Wis., April, 1863.

Appleton Bank.

MONEY TO LOAN.

We have a few thousand dollars to invest in first class Mortgage Security. DAVID SMITH & CO Bankers. Appleton, April 17, 1863. 44m2

NEW JEWELER'S SHOP!!

Next Door to the Post Office, Appleton, Wis.

A. C. EVITS,

Has removed his establishment to the above convenient location, and is prepared to do all work in his line in a manner to satisfy all.

CLOCKS & WATCHES,

Approved Time-keepers, for sale reasonable. **Fine Jewelry**, *warranted as represented*, always on hand

REPAIRING,

In all its branches, promptly and neatly done. An experience of many years in the business is sufficient to guaranty satisfaction. Appleton, Wis. 12w10

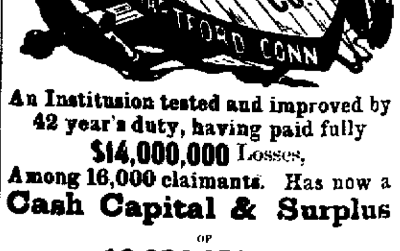
Property Owners

PROTECT YOURSELVES

WITH

GOOD INSURANCE,

IN THE



An Institusion tested and improved by 42 year's duty, having paid fully $14,000,000 Losses, Among 16,000 claimants. Has now a Cash Capital & Surplus

OF

$2,354,070,82!

And uniformly conducts business in the most efficient serviceable, and satisfactory manner.

Prudence and Economy, as well as good management, urges the wisdom of Insurance when a m of reliable kind is obtainable at fair rates and rules.

In this important matter the first essential is to secure the best, and the Management of the Ætna design especially maintaining integrity for sterling business qualities in the future as the past, confidently looking for reward in a greater appreciation and preference from property owners.

LOOK TO QUALITY

As a paramount consideration, reverse the rule making a low arte of premium the chief essential: for the *cheapest* rate is too frequently only an index of the poorest insurance.

As our rates are graduated by the law of compensation, after ample experience, the propriety of Insurance extends with equal force to the safer classes of property as it does to those of a more hazardous nature. The safer the risk the lower the percentage—the greater the hazard the higher the premium. So protect your property by a good policy from the Ætna.

DAVID SMITH, *Banker, Appleton, Agent*

MAPLE SUGAR will be taken by us on subscription or account, at market rates. RYAN & BRO., *Crescent Office*

LADIES, those splendid Boots and Shoes for Summer wear, have arrived! FAY & HUMPHREY

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®.com

Our Woodland Home.

☞ Some of our sidewalks need repairing. Hanna will soon be around.

☞ The Gardens already look nicely—currants and berries promise a good yield—fruit never looked better.

☞ That Bell, of which we spoke, belonging to the Catholics of this place, has arrived.

☞ Long Train.—On Saturday last we noticed a train of 34 freight and platform cars *en route* for Fort Howard.

☞ Tax Sale.—The County Treasurer's annual sale of lands will commence on Tuesday next. The bidding will probably be very lively.

☞ Thanks.—To Messrs A. L. & L. F. Jabas, of Greenville, for a Pyramid Cake of beautiful Maple Sugar. It is the finest we've seen this season.

☞ "Dry Up!"—That rain poured down in young torrents Sunday Monday and Tuesday. It is a great desideratum to crops and fruitage.

☞ Wounded.—Ransom Law, Co. E. 6th Wis., late of this city, is reported to have lost an arm in the terrible fight at Fredericksburg.

☞ Returned.—M. H. Fenno, 21st reg't, and D. G. Fenno, 1st cavalry, returned home Thursday, on a visit to friends. The former is on parole, the latter on detached service.

☞ Osborn.—Large accessions have been made to the population of this sterling town, since last fall. There is yet room for industrious minded farmers there, and good lands at easy rates.

☞ Real Estate Sale.—Ira B. Cummings sold his house and lot on Kimball street, on Monday last, to George McDonald, for $1,600! A very great bargain for the latter.

☞ Another May Party was celebrated by the 2d Ward School children in Reeder Smith's Park, when Miss Sophia Nicoulin was crowned Queen. Refreshments were prepared for the little folks.

☞ John Henry, formerly Express Agent on the Northwestern Railway, and well known in the River Valley, is at Washington looking towards a Sutlership. Arthur Resley, a former contractor on the River Improvement, is also at the same place.

☞ New Furniture.—Mr. Geiger has returned from Chicago with a large stock of splendid furniture, which he is selling off fast, for the reason that he is selling it cheap, to clear it off. Now is the time to fix about the house, and Mr Geiger can furnish the necessary fixtures at his Cabinet Rooms on College Avenue.

☞ Fruit Trees.—Mr. Fairbanks has brought a fine lot of thrifty, serviceble trees to town to fill his numerous orders. The farmers throughout our County are thoroughly alive to their interests in raising fruit and are purchasing trees in large quantities. The extra care bestowed now to an orchard will in a few years amply repay all trouble.

☞ Green Bay.—At latest dates this place had *only* 399,999½ officers in the U. S. Military service—the ½ representing the Lieutenants. A still later dispatch states that one more inhabitant of ye ancient citye is ready to accept any style of shoulder straps!

P. S.—Gen. Rosecrans is supposed to have been born at Green Bay in the year A. D. 1639.

☞ A Good Suggestion.—We have seen a recommendation in some of the papers to our farmers and those having gardens, to plant a patch of vegetables for our soldiers. All kinds of vegetables are most acceptable to those poor fellows who have "hard tack" and bacon as their constant bill of fare. If this movement was made a general one it is easily seen that enormous quantities could be furnished our boys in camp.

☞ Robbed.—We are sorry to learn that Mr. J. F. Johnston, Sutler of the 21st reg't, was robbed of $250 in a hotel at Louisville recently. Whoever the scamp was, did the business very cooly: taking Mr. Johnston's pants out to a porch and there emptied the pockets, afterward returning them to the room. Mr. J. M. Phinney was in the same room, but took the precaution to deposit his cash under his pillow and escaped the plunderer.

☞ The Assessment of taxable property will soon be commenced, and every man should be ready. Particular attention should be given to have true and legal real estate descriptions. Already much trouble has been experienced owing to illegal and botched descriptions. Another thing: read the Ten Commandments just before making oath to your personal effects! Remember the dog license tax; if you do not wish to pay this item, kill your worthless, vagabond curs.

☞ Tobacco Culture.—We are informed that a farmer at Little Chute raised 500 lbs. of tobacco last season. At Chilton, Calumet County, large quantities of this weed grow wild. In our opinion this profitable crop can be easily cultivated in Northern Wisconsin.

☞ Abbot's History of the War.—This great work, by this great author, is just now attracting the general attention. Mr. Abbot's work is in two volumes, Turkey Morocco style, over 500 pages each, and costs 3.50 per vol. The first vol. is now ready, and the other will be delivered shortly after the close of the war. Fine illustrations fill the work. Every man should have a reliable history of the Rebellion in his family. D. H. Smith, Canvassing Agent for Outagamie County.

☞ Doings of the Common Council.—On Saturday night last, the Council formally recognized the present Fire Company, and appointed a committee of three to make necessary preliminary steps toward the purchase of an engine. This looks like doing something. The Marshal and Treasurer having failed to qualify within the time required by the Statutes, their offices were declared vacant. Mr. Pryce was appointed Marshal, and the Treasurership question postponed until this Saturday evening.

Conformatory to the requirments of the new charter, Mr. Ja's Gilmore was appointed Poor Master of this city. This we consider a good appointment.

Mr. Alexander was granted a liquor license.

☞ Lawrence University.—By invitation, on Thursday afternoon, we repaired to the beautiful grounds of the College, and witnessed the imposing ceremony of planting a "Weeping Willow" received from the tree which waves so mournfully o'er the former tomb of the Great Napoleon, on the Isle of Helena. President Mason gave its history and finely touched on Napoleon's emulative traits—his indomitable energy and rigorous habits. J. H. Hauser made very appropriate and excellent remarks, eliciting rapturous applause. Prof. Griffith, as usual, gave vent to many good things—patriotic and stirring. Sam'l Boyd, Esq., brought down the crowd by his "English view of Napoleon," and wound up by a beautiful tribute to the "Little Corporal." All things passed off to the satisfaction of those present.

List of Jurors for June Term.

GRAND JURORS.

Jackson Tibbits,	Lorenzo Spencer,
H. F. Patton,	E. H. Stone,
Christopher Fallon,	Chauncy Kellogg,
Porter Bowen,	Thomas Kellogg,
John Rinehard,	Alvin Foster,
William Earle,	John Waters,
A. Calkins,	William Monahan,
William Hobert,	E. Marble,
Edward Haphner.	

PETIT JURORS.

L. L. Randall,	H. Greenfield,
J. Van der Wyst,	M. W. Bemis,
Jesse Ballard,	John Hephner,
C. Koontz,	P. H. Pew,
J. S. Buck,	H. Bissonnett,
Raymond Maley,	Daniel Briggs,
Alden Greely,	P. A. Greely,
John Spicker,	John Stine,
W. D. Jordan,	David Carroll,
Denis McGrath,	Wm. McGuire,
Gaines Sibley,	David Jewell,
G. W. Spaulding,	C. P. Richmond.

Schoolmistress Abroad.

The following is a verbatim copy of a letter written by the undersigned schoolmistress to Wm. Lamure, Director of the Buchanan School in this County, and which was picked up on one of our streets the other day. We hope the "chairman" will cage that "Nephu and pat Corceran"! Where is Martin Gerrits?

"Mr Lamure if you are chairman of this school i wish you would keep your Nephu and pat Corceran to home for the school is in confusion all the time for they wont obey orders while the board was hear they kept still but as quick as youre went out they commenced acting they will leve school or i will Miss E——a R——n."

Selling Liquor to Indians.

Sec. 20, of an act, entitled an act to regulate trade and intercourse with the Indian tribes and to preserve peace on the frontiers, approved Jan. 3d, 1834, has been amended (see U. S. Statutes at large, 37th Congress, page 338) as follows:

"*And be it further enacted,* That if any person shall sell, exchange, give, barter or dispose of any spirituous liquor or wine to any Indian under the charge of any Indian Superintendent or Indian Agent, appointed by the United States, such person, on conviction thereof before the proper District Court of the U. S., shall be imprisoned for a period not exceeding two years, and shall be fined not more than three hundred dollars. And in all cases under this act *Indians shall be competent witnesses.*

Now, we merely remark, those who have been in the habit of filling our streets with drunken Indians, had better look out for breakers ahead, as Dr. Davis is bound to see this rigid enactment enforced. We have had enough of Indian pow wows, and hope this act will remove the cause.

City Nursery.

WE, the undersigned, offer for sale for the spring of 1863, the following varieties of of Fruits, described as follows:

25 Varieties of Apples,

Embracing Summer, Autumn, and Winter, and all tested, hardy kinds, age from 5 to 6 years old; height 6 to 8 feet.
Price (when delivered at Oshkosh) per 100......$20 00
Dwarf Apples, each......... 0 40

PearTrees, Dwarf, Extra Size.

3 and 4 years old, with fruit buds.........$0 50
2 and 3 years old 0 40
Standard Pears, 6 to 8 feet high......... 0 50
" " 4 to 6 " 0 40

These Pear Trees are very fine; the extra size are three years from bud or graft, and are model trees in all respects; the Dwarfs are not to be excelled.

20 VARIETIES OF PLUMS.

Standard, 5 to 7 feet high, 2 and 3 years old $0 50
" 4 to 5 " " 0 45
These Trees are straight, stocky, and furnished with regular and handsome heads.

CHERRIES.

A good hardy assortment, 5 to 6 feet high, 25 to 35 cts.

GRAPES.

	cts. each		cts. each
Delaware	50 to 75	Rebecca	40 to 50
Concord	40 to 50	Isabella	25 to 30
Diana	40 to 50	Clinton	20 to 30
Hartford Prolific			40 to 50
Northern Muscadine			50 to 75

☞ All Trees warranted true to name and in good condition.

Also, a fine assortment of ROSES, Standard and Running; DAHLIAS; GLADIOLUS and CARNATION PINKS, and SHRUBBERY, of all the hardy varieties.

All Apple Trees we offer for sale are hardy varieties and all of Wisconsin growth.

☞ Trees will be delivered at the most convenient points, by railroad or steamboat, by one of the firm;

JAMES O'BRIEN, WILLIAM SUHL.
Oshkosh, Wis, 1863. 44tf

Groceries. We have the choicest stock of Sugars, Teas, Coffees, &c., in town. Come and examine. LESTER & FOSTER.

THE NEWS DEPOT,

Has become one of the institutions of this great city. It is synonimous with

LITERATURE, ART AND SCIENCE.

The Latest War News of the day fresh from the Press

May always be found on the counter. The grave and gay, the comical and sentimental—in a word—all tastes however fastidious may be ministered unto.

Frank Leslie, Godey, Peterson and other Magazines for the Ladies.

Harper, Atlantic, Continental, &c., for the Gents. Pictorials and Light Literature by the Bushel.

Spiritual publications, Fowlers Journals—in fact everything that may be called for.

Stationery

Of all kinds, in quantity. Prize Packages, &c., &c.

Confectionery

The best in town, bound to sweeten the sourest visage.

CIGARS

I have a failing of keeping the VERY BEST CIGARS ever brought into this city.

ALWAYS AT HOME.

Appleton, April, 1863. J. E. HARRIMAN. 10-29

☞ ALLEN & JACKSON have the reputation of keeping the best teas, sugars, dried fruit &c., in our Woodland Home.

NEW GOODS

ON THE WAY!

SALT AT 2.65

KEROSENE OIL AT

Fifty Cents per Gallon,

2D QUALITY, 40 CTS. PER GALL

DONT MEAN TO BE UNDERSOLD.

Appleton, April 17 1863 P. WHITE.

PIANO FORTES.

Steinway's Chickering's Worcester's Bradbury's, "Parlor Gem,"

and other Piano Fortes just received and constantly on hand.

WE WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD!

We can supply Instruments of any make, either in this country or Europe, upon very short notice and very low in price. We also keep the **best Melodeans in the market,** of different manufacturers and sell them the **Cheapest. HARMONIUMS,** of every style, description and make. Stools, Rubber and Woolen covers of every grade and price. Choir and Instruction books at publisher's price. ALLEN, VOSBURG & CO. 3d door east of the Post Office.
Oshkosh, Wis. April 25, 1863. 45m3

DWELLING HOUSE FOR RENT!

The desirable "Plantation" of SAM. RYAN, JR., one of the most beautiful locations in Appleton, will be

Rented on Favorable Terms.

The house is one of the most comfortably arranged in the city, and the grounds and garden well supplied with fruit. For terms, apply at the CRESCENT OFFICE.
Appleton, April 15, 1863.

Dissolution.

The co-partnership heretofore existing between Drs. Tompkins & Fuller, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Dr. Tompkins is authorized to settle all accounts. Parties indebted to the firm will make immediate settlement.
Appleton, April 24th, 1863. M. TOMPKINS. S. L. FULLER.
Dr. Tompkins will continue the practice of medicine and may be found either at his new rooms over the Bank, or at his residence. (45w4)

Blanks. Justices, Quit Claim, Land Contracts, Warranty Deeds, Mortgages, &c., at the CRESCENT OFFICE.

GREAT EXCITEMENT

AT THE

Stone Block!

GOOD TIMES COME AGAIN ONCE MORE

LATEST DISPATCHES!!

To the residents of Appleton and Outagamie county, Greeting. We appear before you to express our gratitude for past patronage, soliciting a continuance of the same, relying upon our ability to sell you goods at

Prices to Suit the Times.

IN THE LINE OF

DRY GOODS,

We have a good assortment, suited to the wants of the people. Our stock of

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

Can not be beat, either for quality or cheapness in price. In the department of

Hardware and Tinware,

We challenge comparison, having a full assortment, and great variety, adapted to the wants of the county. We have a

TIN SHOP

And are constantly manufacturing articles needed or called for. Work done on short notice.

STOVES! STOVES

Cooking, Parlor, Box and Office Stoves, latest and most approved patterns.

Crockery, Glassware and Looking Glasses,

A Good Assortment.

Wooden and Willow Ware, Flour and Feed. Coffees, Sugars, Teas, Molasses, Syrup, Vinegar, Dried Fruit, Raisins, Soap and Candles, Fish, Tobacco, Salt, C. & F., Rope, Rice, Saleratus, Soda, &c.

We keep on hand all the PATENT MEDICINES of the age, as well as an assortment of

Drugs, Medicines & Dye Stuffs,

WALL, WINDOW, CURTAIN, WRAPPING, WRITING, AND

PRINTING PAPER,

Constantly on hand. Printers will find our paper to be first rate, as we have improved the machinery of the Paper Mill lately, and now do good work.

OILS, OILS,

Clearer—brighter than gas, at one quarter the cost. Kerosene, Carbon, Petroleum, Lard Oil, Spirits Turpentine, Campheno, Alcohol and Burning Fluid.

LAMPS, LAMPS.

ALL KINDS, STYLES, AND FOR SALE AT LOW RATES.

Agricultural Tools,

And Implements, of all kinds almost that may be required on a farm.

CALL AND SEE US!

And we shall always aim to give you ample return for money invested with us. Don't forget the location North east corner College Avenue and Oneida Street. Appleton, April, 1863. 10y. C. G. ADKINS.

LESTER & FOSTER,

Corner of Oneida and College Avenue, Appleton, Wis.

Chemists & Druggists:

DEALERS IN

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Perfumery and Toilet Soaps, Fine Hair and Tooth Combs &c.,

Surgical Instruments, Trusses and Suspenders,

Pure Wines and Liquors

FOR MEDICAL USES,

FANCY

AND TOILET ARTICLES

Paints and Oils,

GLASS AND PUTTY,

VARNISHES AND DYE-STUFFS.

N. B.—Particular attention will be given to compounding Physician's Prescriptions and Family Receipts.
Appleton, April, 1863. 11y

ALLEN & JACKSON,

[SUCCESSORS TO G. R. SHAW.]

College Avenue......... Appleton, Wis.

DRUGGISTS.

AND DEALERS IN

Books and Stationery,

WALL AND WINDOW PAPER,

Fancy Articles,
Perfumery, Fine Hair and Tooth Brushes, Children's Toys,

BABIES' CABS.

Paint, Whitewash and other Brushes, Pure Wines and Liquors for Medical Uses, Trusses, Supporters, and Shoulder Braces.

OILS,

Kerosene, Whale, Sperm, Tanner's Neats Foot, Machinery.

RAW AND BOILED OILS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Patent Medicines of the most reliable kinds, and warranted genuine; also Confectionery, Cigars Tobacco, Kerosene, Burning Fluid, Lamps, and all articles kept in a Drug and Bookstore, which will be sold cheap.
April 15, 1863. ALLEN & JACKSON. 0-51y

FRANK BERNARD

Keeps for sale at the lowest possible prices,

Groceries,
Provisions,
Confectionery,
Yankee Notions,
&c., &c.

A general assortment of articles wanted every day in a family. Also

FURNITURE

For sale or exchange for staple produce.

Farmers bring me your stuff and we'll make fair trades.

"LIVE AND LET LIVE," is my motto.

COME AND SEE ME.

Appleton, April 15, 1863. 44tf

ARCTIC

FIRE & INLAND NAVIGATION

INSURANCE COMPANY,

18 WALL STREET, N. Y

Cash Capital 250,000.

Assets Sept. 1st, 1862, $276,193.20.

Fire and Marine Ins., in all its Branches.

Policies issued on Dwellings and their Furniture for One, Three and Five Years.

LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED.

J. MILTON SMITH, Pres't,
27y VINCENT TILYON, Sec'y.

Wm. S. Warner, *Agent at Appleton.*

THE GREAT BATTLE COMMENCED!

The subscriber having resumed business in Appleton, is now fully prepared to attend to BLACKSMITHING in all its branches. Particular attention given to the manufacture of

EDGE TOOLS.

I have a new pattern of STEEL PLOWS, which is warranted to give satisfaction, or no pay.
Terms easy for cash—all work warranted—prices low as the lowest.
Shop two doors north of Crescent Hotel, nearly opposite Cook's stand. FRANK PROCTOR.
Appleton, April, 1863 10-39

Railroad Billiard Saloon

AND

RESTAURANT.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

The subscriber would inform the lovers of the "gay and festive" ball and cue, that he has made large additions and improvements, and can promise entire satisfaction. His Rooms are airy and large; his tables are in good condition: his bar stocked with the choicest liquors, his location central. Oysters, Sardines, Cigars, Cider, Lager Beer, &c., always on hand in season; Everything at lowest figures for cash. One door east of Crescent Hotel. W. FRAZER, Proprietor.
Appleton, April 1st, 1863. 36y

ANSON BALLARD,

GEN'L LAND & LOAN AGENT,

APPLETON,......... WIS.,

MORTAGES BOUGHT, SOLD AND FORECLOSED.

TAXES PAID,

TITLES EXAMINED AND PERFECTED.

HAS A

Complete Abstract

Of Title to All the Lands in

OUTAGAMIE COUNTY,

Has Descriptions with price annexed of all unsold

SCHOOL, UNIVERSITY AND SWAMP LANDS.

Will purchase same for Settlers on

Most Favorable Terms.

Choice Farming Lands

FOR SALE IN EVERY TOWN IN

OUTAGAMIE COUNTY,

CHEAP AND ON EASY TERMS OF PAYMENT.

Lots

In the City of Appleton for

RESIDENCES,

BUSINESS PURPOSES or,

WATER POWER.

Office in the Appleton Bank. 10-n1

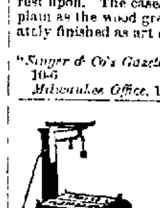
Singer & Co.'s Letter 'A'

Family Sewing Machine!

With All the Recent Improvements,

Is the best and cheapest and most beautiful of all Sewing Machines. This Machine will sew anything from the running of a tuck in Tarletan to the making of an Overcoat—anything from Pilot or Beaver Cloth down to the softest Gauze or Gossamer Tissue, and is ever ready to do its work to perfection. It can fell, hem, bind, gather, tuck, quilt, and has capacity for a great variety of ornamental work. This is not the only machine that can fell, hem, bind, &c., but it will do so better than any other machine. The letter "A" Family Sewing Machine may be had in great variety of cabinet cases. The Folding Case which is now becoming so popular, is as its name implied, one that can be folded into a box or case, which, when opened, makes a beautiful, substantial, and spacious table for the work to rest upon. The cases are of every imaginable design—plain as the wood grew in its native forest, or as elaborately finished as art can make them. Send for a copy of

"*Singer & Co's Gazette.*" I. M. Singer & Co.,
10-6 458 Broadway, N. Y.
Milwaukee Office, 17 Newhall House.



FAIRBANKS'

STANDARD

SCALES

OF ALL KINDS.

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.

172 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO, ILL.

☞ BE CAREFUL BUY ONLY THE GENUINE. ☜

☞ Wedding Cards, gotten up to suit at lowest rates and handsome style, at the CRESCENT OFFICE.

For Sale Cheap.

CORN AND CORN MEAL.

Also the highest price paid in Cash for Wheat at the

LAWRENCE MILLS.

JOHNSON & MORY.
Appleton, April 1, 1863. 10-33tf

Appleton City Market!

J. C. SMITH, Proprietor.

TO THE CITIZENS OF APPLETON AND VICINITY, GREETING:

Thankful for past favors and the generous patronage bestowed upon me, I would announce that as in the past, I shall endeavor, to the best of my ability, to keep up the reputation of my Market for quantity, quality and

Good Variety,

as heretofore. The public can rest assured that fairness shall characterize my dealing with them.

Fresh Beef, Dried Beef, Corned Beef, Mess and Fresh Pork, Veal, Sugar Cured Hams, Mutton, Fowls, Game, Vegetables, Butter, Eggs, &c., &c.

Will be kept on hand to supply demand.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

Of the best kinds constantly on hand, at the lowest rates. A choice article of Stewart's A No. 1, Coffee Sugar very cheap. Wooden Ware, Flour and Feed, Crackers, Confectionery, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, &c. I am prepared to supply country dealers with any articles in my line, cheaper than they can buy elsewhere. Cash paid for all articles in my line.
Only one price, and good bargains for cash. A share of patronage solicited.
Appleton, April, 1863. 10-1y

EXCELSIOR!!

Lawrence Mills,

APPLETON......... WISCONSIN

The proprietors are happy to announce to the world generally, and the people of Outagamie in particular, that their

Stone Mill,

Situated near the Second Ward Bridge, convenient of access, is in good running order, ready to accommodate the Farmers of Outagamie County.
Our mill has been pronounced by competent judges to be superior to any other in this section of the country. Give us a call and we'll endeavor to give satisfaction.
HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR WHEAT.

JOHNSON, MORY & CO.
Appleton, April, 1863. 9-1y

Albion Mills,

CORD & GRAY

PROPRIETORS.

KAUKAUNA,......... WIS.

Farmers of Outagamie and adjoining Counties as well as the public generally are respectfully informed that we have now completed and in tip top running order, our

New Flouring Mills

With all the latest and most valuable machinery suitable for turning out the choicest of family flour, and we will pay you

CASH FOR WHEAT.

Farmers, remember that our mill is entirely new, and we can turn out work that cannot fail to please.
Appleton, April, 1863. 34y
CHA'S CORD, W. T. GRAY.

Relief has Come.

So Have Those Stoves!

OF

W. M. RUSSELL.

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES!

I have just received from the East the largest and most improved variety of

Parlor Stoves,
Box Stoves,
Office Stoves,
Stove Pipe,
Tin Ware,
Copper Ware,
Zinc Work,
&c., &c.,

ever brought into this market, and am prepared to defy all competition. None but first class material is ever used in my establishment.

I do no credit business, but will sell everything in my line,

Very Low for Cash!

JOB WORK

Done to order on short time and in a substantial manner. Give me a call and I will satisfy you.

LOCATION—College Avenue, two doors west of the Post Office.
Appleton, April, 1863. W. M. RUSSELL. 9-23

Sloan's Commercial College.

The Collegiate course is the most extensive, complete and thorough ever introduced into any Commercial College in this country, and comprises practical instruction in Book-Keeping and accounts,

Railroading, Steamboating, Banking Exchange, Manufacturing, Forwarding and Commission, Practical Penmanship, Commercial Law.

Daily lectures will be delivered on the Science of accounts, Commercial Law, Commercial Calculations, Political Economy, Laws of Nations, Banking Commercial Customs, Railroading, Business Correspondence.

TIME OF COMMENCING:

ANY TIME.

Diplomas under the Seal of the College are awarded to the graduates.
☞ Circulars furnished gratuitously, on application at the College or by letter. Address,
31y T. J. SLOAN,
Care of Sloan's Commercial College, Chicago, Ill.

☞ "THE BEST OF ALL AMERICAN NEWSPAPERS DEVOTED TO MATTERS OF RURAL ECONOMY."—*Scottish Farmer and Horticulturist, Edinburgh, August 7, 1862.*

THE

COUNTRY GENTLEMAN

A WEEKLY JOURNAL,

For the Farm, Garden and the Fireside.

Volume XXI—January 1, 1863.

THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN is now acknowledged to be the leading Agricultural Journal of America. It contains 16 pages in each number—forming two handsome volumes per year, 832 pages, and not too large a page for convenient binding.
Terms, Two Dollars a year, with reduction to Clubs.

The Cultivator

Is published monthly, all subscriptions beginning with the January number, and forms an annual volume of nearly 400 large 8 vo pages.
☞ *Single Copies 50 Cents per Annum.* Payment in advance.

THE ILLUSTRATED ANNUAL

REGISTER OF RURAL AFFAIRS.

No. 9 of this excellent work, for 1863, is now ready, containing 140 Engravings, 144 pages, including an Almanac for the year, and over 100 pages of reading matter, upon subjects of Agricultural, Horticultural and Domestic interest. Price, 25 cents per copy—$2 per dozen, by mail post-paid.

Ten copies of the Country Gentleman for 1863 and Ten of the Annual Register, will be sent for......... $16 50
Ten copies of the Cultivator for 1863 and Ten of of the Annual Register, will be sent for......... 5 00
Sample numbers of the Country Gentleman and The Cultivator sent free, by addressing the publishers,
LUTHER TUCKER & SON,
Albany, N. Y

Bill Heads, Printed to order, warranted to suit, as cheap as the times will admit, at the CRESCENT OFFICE

☞ FAY & HUMPHREY'S Hats, Caps, Spring and Summer styles, are going fast.

☞ POSTERS printed on the shortest notice, cheap, at the CRESCENT OFFICE.

RADWAY'S R RRR R READY RELIEF

PAIN CURED!

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Is the most important medicinal curative—*for the immediate relief* of the sufferer—of all varieties of PAINS, ACHES and INFIRMITIES, and the prompt cure of the ills where PAIN, either internal or external, is a constituent of the disease, that has ever been discovered.

IN A FEW MINUTES

After the application of the READY RELIEF externally, or its administration internally, the patient—sound with the most excruciating PAINS, ACHES, CRAMPS, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, GOUT, LUMBAGO, FEVER AND AGUE, SPASMS, SORE THROAT, INFLUENZA, DIPTHERIA, CONGESTION or INFLAMMATION, will enjoy ease and comfort.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Is safer to administer, and will stop pain quicker, than all preparations of Opium, Morphine, Veratrine, Hyoscyamus, Arnica, Valerian, Chloroform or Ether, under whatever name distinguished; also *Liniments, Pain Killers or Soothing Lotions,* which merely *suspend the feeling of pain* by benumbing the perceptive faculties and *killing the nerves.* The surgeon ministers Chloroform, Opium, &c., to render insensible the nerves of perception—RADWAY'S READY RELIEF tops the most excruciating pain, and secures the patient the full possession of his senses. This is the only remedy general use that will stop pain, so quick, that is free from Opium, Morphine, or some other skilled drug, hurtful to the general health.

BE WISE IN TIME.

Guard against sickness. On the first indication of pain or uneasiness, if in the STOMACH or BOWELS, take a tea-spoonful of the READY RELIEF in a wine glass of water. If in the LIMBS, JOINTS, HEAD, THROAT, CHEST, BACK, or *other parts of the body,* apply the R. LIEF EXTERNALLY—in a *few minutes all pain and discomfort will cease.* This simple application may break up a formidable disease. It is much easier to prevent disease than to cure it.

WEALTH FOR THE POOR

HEALTH is the working man's capital. The poor man can ill afford to bear the burdens of sickness or pay doctor's bills. ONE TWENTY FIVE CENT BOTTLE OF RADWAY'S READY RELIEF will, if sick, cure him quick, and enable him to resume his labors *without loss of time*—and, if used when pain is first experienced, will stop it immediately. Keep this Remedy always in the house, and use it when you feel pain; you will not be sick 1 ly in a year by sickness.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS

And others, residing in sparsely settled districts, where it is difficult to secure the services of a physician, RADWAY'S READY RELIEF is invaluable. It can be used with positive assurance of doing good in all cases where pain or discomfort is experienced, or if seized with INFLUENZA, DIPTHERIA, SORE THROAT, BAD COUGHS, HOARSENESS, BILIOUS CHOLIC, INFLAMMATION OF THE BOWELS, STOMACH, LUNGS, LIVER, KIDNEYS, or with SMALL POX, SCARLET FEVER, MEASLES, TYPHOID FEVER, BILIOUS FEVER, FEVER AND AGUE, or with NEURALGIA, HEAD ACHE, TIC DOLOREUX, TOOTHACHE, EAR ACHE, or with LUMBAGO, PAIN IN THE BACK or RHEUMATISM, or with DIARRHOEA, CHOLERA MORBUS or DYSENTERY, or with BURNS, SCALDS or BRUISES, or with STRAINS, CRAMPS or SPASMS. The application of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF *will cure you of the worst of these Complaints* in a few hours.

RHEUMATISM.

THIS painful disease has baffled the most eminent physicians and popular remedies. It is the most difficult of diseases to treat—yet RADWAY'S READY RELIEF has never failed in affording immediate relief to the sufferer; and in a few cases of Acute, Inflammatory or Nervous Rheumatism, to effect a permanent cure. (In Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, RADWAY'S CLEANSING SYRUP should accompany the READY RELIEF.)

ACUTE CHRONIC RHEUMATISM

The following is a letter by the well known correspondent of the New York Herald, London Times (England), New Orleans Picayune, Delta, Charleston Mercury, &c.

WM. SIDNEY MYERS, ESQ., HAVANA, CUBA.
HAVANA, Cuba, Jan. 7, 1858.

Messrs. Radway & Co:

GENTLEMEN—I have been a sufferer from Acute Chronic Rheumatism for the last twenty years of my life; my sufferings during that period, neither tongue nor pen can express. I have spent a little fortune on Doctors' bills, without receiving any substantial benefit. Recently I had one of my frequent periodical attacks. I was very ill for a week, and did not sleep an hour at any one time. A Spanish friend, to whom I related my sufferings, told me he had a remedy which would give me relief, and he kindly presented me with a bottle of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Although skeptical of deriving any advantage from its use, I that night applied it freely on going to bed, and, to my great amazement, felt relieved, and slept soundly. The next night I again applied the READY RELIEF, and awoke in the morning free from pain, having only used about half the bottle.
Heartily do I return you my humble acknowledgments for your invaluable medicine, which may well be called "a blessing to man." * * * * * *
Thanking you, from my soul, for your wonderful remedy, I have the honor to subscribe myself,
Yours, respectfully,
W. SIDNEY MYERS.

NEURALGIA.

(EXQUISITE PAIN.)

TIC DOLOREUX, TOOTH-ACHE, FACE-ACHE, SHARP SUDDEN PAINS.

Persons suffering with Neuralgia experience the sense of excruciating pain. The paroxysms are sharp, sudden, plunging, stabbing, and iced in tensity—like an electric shock.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF is the only remedy hitherto known, that will afford immediate relief to those who suffer with this torturing Complaint. (In cases of chronic Neuralgia, the cleansing syrup, called RENOVATING RESOLVENT, will expedite the cure.) In recent attacks, the READY RELIEF, applied externally to the parts where the pain strikes, and a teaspoonful of RELIEF in a wine glass of water, when the paroxysms appear, will effect a cure.

HOW TO CURE A BAD COLD

BETWEEN BED-TIME AND SUNRISE.

If seized with SORE THROAT, Hoarseness, Bad Cough, difficult Breathing, Head ache, Watery Discharges from the Nose and Eyes, Pain in the Back and Joints, &c., bathe the Throat, Chest, Head and Joints with the READY RELIEF, and in ke a

HOT READY RELIEF SLING,

by adding to half a tumbler of hot water, sweetened with sugar, a desert-spoon ful of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF, and drink this on going to bed. In a few minutes you will perspire freely, sleep soundly, and wake in the morning cured of your cold.

(*From the Christian Advocate.*)

"We beg to present to the readers of the Advocate the following letter addressed to Dr. Radway. Let those afflicted with WEAK LUNGS AND THREATENED WITH CONSUMPTION, read. The writer, Mr. JAMES SAGE, is well known in Michigan as a popular hotel-keeper."

MEMPHIS, Macomb Co., Mich., Sept. 6, 1860.
DR. RADWAY—*Dear Sir:* about four years since, I was very much affected with DISEASED LUNGS. My friends thought *I had the Consumption.* I was entirely unfit for business, raised blood, and had every symptom of the above fatal disease. One night, on going to bed, I thought I would take a sweat, and took your Ready Relief (in hot water) as a stimulant to sweat me. It did so. The perspiration was of a slimy substance, and offensive smell. I followed taking the Ready Relief every other night for four weeks, and at the end of that time was entirely well. This is a true statement of fact, which I will testify to under oath. Yours, etc.,
JAMES SAGE, Sage's Hotel, Memphis, Mich.

FEVER AND AGUE.

A table-spoonful of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF, in a tumbler of water, taken every morning before breakfast, will prevent attacks of Fever and Ague, and exposed to its malaria. If seized with this complaint, take the same dose, and bathe the Head, Neck, Hands and Spine one hour before the Chills are expected; this will break up and cure the worst forms of Ague.

DR. RADWAY gives you, for 25 cents, a medicine that will prove its efficacy in a few hours, and cure you of old diseases that, under the ordinary treatment of physicians, would lay you up for days, weeks and months. See that every bottle is complete when you purchase, and purchase no READY RELIEF unless the *fac simile* signature of RADWAY & CO is on the outside label, and the name of RADWAY & CO. blown on the glass of each bottle.

IT IS SOLD BY DRUGGISTS AND STORE-KEEPERS IN EVERY VILLAGE AND TOWN IN THE UNITED STATES.

The Crescent.

Official Paper of the City and County.

APPLETON, MAY 9

Immediately before the adjournment of the Wheeling Legislature Mr Ratcliffe offered a resolution to ascertain if the Senate would accept the Ten Commandments without amendment if first passed by the House. He remarked that no proposition from the House had ever gone to Senate without coming back amended. He desired, before the adjournment, to submit something which would meet their approbation. The Speaker appointed Mr Ratcliffe to communicate the passage of resolution to the Senate. Mr. R accordingly picked up the resolution and amidst great laughter, proceeded to the Senate Chamber. He subsequently returned and reported to the House that the Senate insisted that there were thirteen commandments, and refused therefore, to accept the House resolution without amendment.

AMAZING OPPOSITION IN REPLIES — The loyal men vote for Bryan to day. — *Chicago Tribune.*

Sherman's majority, 118

A vote for Bryan is a vote for the Union—a vote for Sherman is a vote for secession —*Ibid*

Majority for secession 118

A vote for Bryan is a vote for a vigorous prosecution of the war—a vote for Sherman is a vote against the war —*Ibid*

Majority against the war 118

A vote for Bryan is a vote to sustain the President—a vote for Sherman is a vote against the government —*Ibid*

Against the government 118

So says the Chicago Tribune. That journal had rather die than tell a lie — *Springfield (Ill) Reg'r.*

Two sons of Erin met at a certain corner the other day and the following dialogue ensued

Pat — Well, Tim, are ye goin to jine the Union League?

Tim — Och Pat, an what should I jine the League for?

Pat — Faith an it's the shortest way to git exempt from goin to war!

Tim — Good luck to ye Pat an it's meself that's after thinkin' you're right, for divil a one o' them Union Leaguers ever intind to shoulder a gun.

The editor of a down East paper talks about his frame of mind. A contemporary suggests that he may have the frame of one but that is all.

SPRING.

W. L. Candee,

157 East Water Street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

[illegible]

Dress Goods, Cloaks and Mantles, Shawls, Embroideries, Cloths and Cassimeres, Staple Goods, Carpeting, &c.

[illegible]

The Confessions and Experiences of a Poor Young Man.

A GENTLEMAN [illegible] early error and disease [illegible] will [illegible] the author [illegible]

The Confessions and Experience of an Invalid

Published [illegible]

Visiting Cards, printed [illegible] style at the CRESCENT

TAKEN UP!

On my premises in Kaukauna [illegible] a large [illegible] cow [illegible]

THOMAS ROBINSON

Kaukauna April 9 18 3 (4w4)

A LECTURE TO YOUNG MEN!

Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price Six Cents.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility and Impediments to Marriage generally, nervousness, consumption, epilepsy and fits, mental and physical incapacity resulting from self-abuse—By ROBT J CULVERWELL, M D, Author of the Green Book, &c

The world renowned author in this admirable lecture clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of self-abuse may be effectually removed without medicine and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically. This lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands. Sent under seal to any address in a plain sealed envelope on the receipt of six cents or two postage stamps by addressing CHAS J C KLINE & CO [illegible] Box 4586

Marriage. ITS LOVES AND HATES [illegible] hopes and fears, regrets and joys. MANHOOD, how lost, how restored, the nature, treatment and radical cure of spermatorrhœa, or seminal weakness, involuntary emissions [illegible] are fully explained in the *Marriage Guide* [illegible] This most extraordinary book should be in the hands of every young person contemplating marriage, and every man or woman who desires to limit the number of their offspring [illegible] Every pain, disease and ache incident to youth, maturity and old age is fully explained; every particle of knowledge that should be known is here given. It is full of engravings. In fact, it discloses secrets that every one should know; still it is a book that must be locked up and not lie about the house. It will be sent to any one on the receipt of twenty-five cents in specie or postage stamps. Address DR WM YOUNG, No 416 Spruce st, above Fourth, Philadelphia.

Afflicted and unfortunate, no matter what may be your disease, before you place yourself under the care of any of the notorious Quacks—native or foreign—who advertise in this or any other paper, get a copy of Dr Young's book and read it carefully. It will be the means of saving you many a dollar, your health and possibly your life.

Dr YOUNG can be consulted on any of the diseases described in his publication, at his office, No 416 Spruce Street, above Fourth, Philadelphia. Office hours from 9 to 3, daily. (10 3)

Howard Association, Philadelphia.—*For the relief of the sick and distressed afflicted with Virulent and Chronic Diseases, and [illegible] diseases of the Sexual organs.*

Medical advice given gratis by the Acting Surgeon. Valuable reports on SPERMATORRHŒA or SEMINAL WEAKNESS, and other diseases of the Sexual organs, and on the new remedies employed in the Dispensary, sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr J SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No 2 South Ninth st, Philadelphia Pa

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Notice of Tax-Sale

COUNTY TREASURER'S OFFICE, Outagamie County, Wisconsin

Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern that I shall, on the second Tuesday of May next, commence selling by public auction at my office in the city of Appleton, Outagamie County and State of Wisconsin, so much of each of the following described lots or tracts of land as shall be necessary to pay the taxes, charges and interest which shall be due thereon on that day for the year 1862. Said sale to commence at 10 o'clock a m and to be continued from day to day till completed. A BROUILLARD, County Treasurer

Appleton, April 11 1863

DALE

Town 21, Range 15

Descn	Sec	Acr	Hd
sw¼ nw¼	8	40	
n½ se¼ nw¼	26	20	
sw¼ se¼	26	40	
e½ w½	21	80	
ne¼ sw¼	29	40	
s½ e½	28	40	
w½ e½	31	80	
n½ ne¼	31	80	
se¼	31	160	
nw¼ nw¼	32	40	
se¼	31	40	
w½ sw¼	35	80	
sw¼ sw¼	36	40	
ne¼ se¼	6	40	

HORTONIA

Town 21, Range 15

Descn	Sec	Acr	Hd
w½ nw¼	1	80	40
n½ nw¼ sw¼	1	20	
s½ nw¼ sw¼	1	20	
sw¼ sw¼	1	40	
nw¼	2	160	
w½ ne¼	5	40	
se¼ ne¼	5	40	

Town 22, Range 15

Descn	Sec	Acr	Hd
Lot 1	18		
Lot 2	18	50	4

[illegible]

Later sections of the tax list

ELLINGTON (Town 22, Range 16), LIBERTY (Town 22, Range 1[illegible]), MAPLE CREEK (Town 23, Range 15), Town 24 Range 16, GREENVILLE (Town 21, Range 16), LOVINA (Town 23, Range 16), RAND CHUTE (Town 2[illegible], Range 17), CENTER (Town 22, Range 17), BLACK CREEK (Town 23, Range 17), KAUKAUNA (Town 2[illegible], Range 19), BUCHANAN (Town 21, Range 18), Town 21, Range 19, OSBORN (Town 21, Range [illegible]), FREEDOM (Town 21, Range 18), Village of Kaukauna, Village of Hortonville, New London, Village of Stephensville, 2d Ward CITY OF APPLETON, 3d Ward CITY OF APPLETON, Grand Chute plat, Perces' Addition to Appleton, Doug[illegible] Addition to Appleton, Second Ward Lands, First Ward Lands, Third Ward Lands

[illegible]

HATS, CAPS, &C.

25 Lake Street, CHICAGO, ILL

WEBER, WILLIAMS, and FITCH,

NOW OFFER FOR

EARLY SPRING TRADE,

By the Package or Dozen,

5 000 CASES,

Hats, Caps, Straw Goods,

UMBRELLAS, PARASOLS, PALM-LEAF HATS, SHAKER HOODS, &c.

[illegible] of the new styles, making the largest and best assorted stock to be found west of the [illegible] purchased before the late advance in prices and will be sold as cheap as can be bought of the best Houses on the Atlantic cities.

MERCHANTS,

From all sections of the west will find our stock full at all seasons, and will find it to their interests and are assured that our [illegible] and [illegible] to buy [illegible] manufacturers and employing large capital, enables us to offer goods at the very lowest prices. Large buyers will find it profitable to sell goods by the package at a small advance on Manufacturer's prices.

ORDERS

Shall receive prompt personal attention.

WEBER WILLIAMS & FITCH

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

[illegible] Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, [illegible] Skin Diseases.

[illegible]

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

[illegible]

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

SOLD BY

C G ADKINS and ALLEN & FLETCHER, Appleton; A F RAINS [illegible]; C R WOODWARD [illegible]; D [illegible] WOODWARD [illegible]; P DICKINSON [illegible]; JOHN HUNT [illegible]

The Early Physical Degeneracy of American People

[illegible] Troy Lung [illegible] Institute

A Treatise on the causes of early physical decline of American people [illegible] consumption and marasmus.

[illegible]

Dr Andrew Stone, Physician to the Troy Lung and Hygienic Institute [illegible]

DR ANDREW STONE

Physician to the Troy Lung and Hygienic Institute, and Physician for Diseases of the Heart, Throat and Lungs, 96 Fifth Street, Troy, N Y

SPLENDID CLOTHS for Spring and Summer at FAY & HUMPHREY'S

Blank Work, done as neatly as types and ink can do it and when promised at the CRESCENT OFFICE.

THE SCANDINAVIAN Remedies.

"To heal the nations centres our powers, For the whole boundless Continent is ours."

DR. ROBACK'S BLOOD PURIFIER and BLOOD PILLS

have been introduced to the public for more than six years, and have acquired an

Immense Popularity,

far exceeding any Family Medicines of a similar nature in the market.

An appreciating public was not long in discovering they possessed remarkable

Curative Properties,

and hence their

Rapid Sale

and consequent profit to the Proprietor, thus enabling him to expend

Many Thousands

of dollars each year in advertising their merits and publishing the

Numerous Certificates

which have been showered upon him from

All parts of the Country.

The peculiarity of the

Blood Purifier and Pills

is that they strike at the root of Disease, by eradicating every particle of impurity

In the Blood,

for the life and health of the body depends upon the purity of the blood.

If the blood is poisoned, the body drags out a miserable existence. These medicines

Are Unequaled

for curing

Scrofula,	*Syphilis,*
Skin Diseases,	*Old Sores,*
Salt Rheum,	*Rheumatism,*
Dyspepsia,	*Sick Headache,*
Liver Complaint,	*Fever and Ague,*
Leucorrhœa,	*Female Complaints,*
Erysipelas,	*St Anthony's Fire,*
Tumors,	*Eruptions,*
Fits, Scrofulous Consumption, etc	

ONE person writes her daughter was cured of fits of nine years standing, and St Vitus' dance of two years.

ANOTHER writes his son was cured after his flesh had almost wasted away. The doctors pronounced the case incurable.

ANOTHER was cured of Fever and Ague after trying every medicine in his reach.

ANOTHER was cured of Fever Sore which had existed fourteen years.

ANOTHER of Rheumatism of eight years. Cases innumerable of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint could be mentioned in which the Purifier and Pills

Work like a Charm.

The Blood Pills

are the most active and thorough pills that have ever been introduced.

They act so directly upon the Liver exciting that organ to such an extent as that the system does not relapse into its former condition, which is too apt to be the case with simply a purgative pill.

They are really a

Blood and Liver Pill,

which, in conjunction with the

Blood Purifier,

will cure all the aforementioned diseases, and, of themselves, will relieve and cure

Headache, Costiveness, Cholera Morbus, Indigestion, Pain in the Bowels, Dizziness, etc

Try these medicines, and you will never regret it.

Ask your neighbors who have used them and they will say they are

Good Medicines,

and you should try them before going for a physician.

Get a Pamphlet or Almanac of my local agent and read the certificates, and if you have ever doubted you will

Doubt no more.

[illegible]

FOR SALE BY

ALLEN & FLETCHER, and C G ADKINS Appleton; D J WOODWARD Hortonville; JOHN HUNT Kaukauna; CHAS R WOODWARD Stephensville; and by merchants and druggists generally through out the Union and in the larger cities and towns in the Canadas. Apr 12

THE HEROES OF PEACE AND THE HEROES OF WAR

E ANTHONY, No 501 BROADWAY [illegible] in addition to [illegible] Brady's National Photographic Portrait Gallery, [illegible]

Photographic Materials.

[illegible] E ANTHONY [illegible] Broadway, N Y [illegible]

TO DISABLED SOLDIERS!

Seamen and Marines [illegible] who have [illegible]

CHAS C TUCKER,

Attorney for Claims, Bounty Land [illegible] Washington City, D C

Pensions procured for soldiers, seamen and marines of the present war who are disabled by reason of wounds received or disease contracted while in service, and Pension, Bounty Money and Arrears of pay obtained for widows or other heirs of those who have died or been killed while in service.

Bounty Land [illegible] for services in any other wars.